Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,091. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 21. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

Theatre-Royal.

The Last Night but one of Mr JOHN KEMBLE's performing here this Season.

This present Evening—THURSDAY, March 21,
Will be presented,
THE FAVOURITE COMEDY OF
THE STRANGER.
The part of the Stranger by Mr JOHN KEMBLE,
Who performed the character originally at the
Theatre Royal, Drury Lane.
To which will be added, a FARCE called
THE IRISHMAN IN LONDON.

For the Benefit of Mr JOHN KEMBLE, and positively the last time of his performing here this Season,
On SATURDAY, will be performed, the Tragedy of
KING RICHARD THE THIRD.
King Richard, - Mr JOHN KEMBLE.
With—HALF AN HOUR AFTER SUPPER.
On Monday, never acted, a Manuscript Comedy, written by a member of the Faculty of Advocates, called
THE CONFESSION.

The Public are respectfully informed that the Selection of Sacred Music for the benefit of Messrs COOKE and WALPOLE, is postponed. Due notice will be given to these Ladies who have taken boxes, when the night is settled.

BALL.

C. WILSON, Dancing Master, who has had the honour to be employed in most of the Nobility and Gentlemens Families in Edinburgh and its vicinity, for more than twenty years, most respectfully acquaints his Friends and the Public, that his ANNUAL BALL, under the Patronage of her Grace the Duchess of BUCCLEUGH and other Ladies of Distinction, is fixed for TUESDAY the 26th of March instant, at BERNARD'S Rooms, Thistle Street.——Tickets, 5s. each, to be had at his House, Allison's Square, Mess. Gow and Shepherd's Music Shops, North Bridge, and at the Rooms.

Edinburgh, March 21, 1799.

This Day is Published,
By MANNERS and MILLER, Parliament Square,
Price 2s. 6d. sewed,
A DISCOURSE
ON THE
STUDY OF THE LAW OF NATURE AND NATIONS,
Introductory to a Course of Lectures on that Science, commenced in Lincoln's Inn Hall, on Wednesday, Feb. 13 1799, in pursuance of an order of the Hon. Society of Lincoln's Inn.
BY JAMES MACKINTOSH, ESQ.
Of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister at Law.

London: Printed for T. Cadell, jun. and Mr W. Davies, in the Strand; J. Debrett, Piccadilly; and W. Clarke, Portugal Street, Lincoln's Inn.

INCOME ACT.

Just Published, and to be had of
W. MUDIE, Edinburgh, and J. MURDOCH, Glasgow,
With a full Explanation of the Schedule,
Price 2s.—Per Mail Coach,
THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INCOME ACT,
In an arrangement of all its Clauses,
Translated according to their natural connection with each other; intended to give to general readers, without much labour, a clear idea of all its Provisions.
By STEWART KYD, Esq. Barrister at Law;
Author of a Treatise on the Law of Bills of Exchange, on the Law of Awards, and on the Law of Corporations.

London: Printed for, and Sold by THOMAS HURST, No. 32. Paternoster Row; and by MUNDELL & SON, Edinburgh.
The Explanation of the Schedule may be had separately, price 2d.
N.B.—To those whom, from duty or inclination, are led to read the Act itself, this publication will be found an useful companion to it. *As above may be had,*

1. STUDIES of NATURE, translated from the French of James Henry Bernandin de St Pierre, in three volumes 8vo. price 1l. 1s.
2. BEAUTIES of STERNE, in Lessons on the Works of GOD, and of his Providence, by Eliza Andrews, author of Allegorical Miniatures, the Brothers, &c. 12mo. price 4s. 6d. boards.
3. SENTIMENTAL BEAUTIES, from the writings of Dr Blair, selected with a view to refine the Taste, rectify the Judgment, and mould the Heart to Virtue; the fourth edition, 12mo. 3s. 6d. boards.

This Day was Published,
And Sold by W. Creech, J. Fairbairn, W. Laing, A. Constable, Manners & Miller, and W. Mudie, Edinburgh and Brash & Reid, and John Murdoch, Glasgow:
In 6 vols. 8vo—price 1l. 16s. in boards.
A PHILOSOPHICAL AND POLITICAL HISTORY
OF THE
EUROPEANS IN THE EAST AND WEST INDIES.
Revised, Augmented, and Published,
By the ABBE RAYNAL.
Newly translated from the French
BY J. O. JUSTAMOND, F. R. S.
With a new set of Maps adapted to the Work, and a copious Index.
Second Edition.

London: Printed for A. STRAHAN, and T. CADELL, jun. and W. DAVIES, (successors to Mr Cadell,) in the Strand; and for MUNDELL & SON, Edinburgh.
*** The last edition of this Work, published by the Abbe Raynal, in ten volumes, being entirely new-modelled, the translation is in consequence almost totally a new work. Seven new maps, engraved on purpose by Mr Kitchen, and adapted to the work, are annexed, viz.—a Map of the World, with the New Discoveries, on Mercator's projection; one Map of Europe; one of Africa, with the European settlements; one of the European settlements in the East Indies; one of the European settlements in South America; one of the European settlements in Mexico or New Spain, and the West Indies; and one of the United States of North America, with the British, French, and Spanish dominions adjoining, according to the treaty of 1783.

It is proper to add, that every other English copy of this book, except this and the former edition of the same translation, must be very imperfect, as being translated from an early edition of the work. *As above may be had,*

1. The WORKS of the BRITISH POETS, with Prefaces, Biographical and Critical, by Robert Anderson, M. D. 13 vols. royal octavo, embellished with emblamatical vignettes, 8l. boards.

†‡† This Collection includes the Works of one hundred and fifteen different Authors, forty-six of whom are not in any other edition of the British Poets.

2. ANDERSON'S COLLECTION of POETICAL TRANSLATIONS, being the 12th and 13th vols. of the above work, from the Greek and Latin Poets; containing those of Pope, West, Dryden, Pitt, Rowe, Hoole, Pye, Cooke, Fawkes, Creech, Grainger, &c. 2 vols. royal 8vo, 1l. 4s. boards.

3. The ANCIENT HISTORY of the Egyptians, Carthagenians, Assyrians, Babylonians, Medes and Persians, Macedonians, and Grecians, by Mr Rollin, late Principal of the University of Paris, the ninth edition, 10 vols. 12mo, with plates, 1l. 15s. bound.

4. The METHOD of TEACHING and STUDYING the BELLES LETTERS; or, an Introduction to Languages, Poetry, Rhetoric, History, Moral Philosophy, Physics, &c.; with Reflections on Taste, and Instructions with regard to the Eloquence of the Pulpit, the Bar, and the Stage. The whole illustrated with Passages from the most famous Poets and Orators, ancient and modern, with Critical Remarks on them.—Designed more particularly for Students in the Universities—By Mr Rollin, late Principal of the University of Paris, Professor of Eloquence in the Royal College, Member of the Royal Academy of Inscriptions and Belles Letters. Translated from the French, 4 vols. 12mo, 14s. bound.

5. The HISTORY, Civil and Commercial, of the BRITISH COLONIES in the WEST INDIES, abridged from the Works of Bryan Edwards, Esq. with a Map of the West India Islands, 2 vol. 8vo, 6s. boards.

GEORGE STREET ASSEMBLY ROOMS.

THE Subscribers and the Public are respectfully informed, that the SIXTH PROFESSIONAL CONCERT will be held on Tuesday the 26th inst. to begin precisely at eight o'clock. Subscribers will please to send for their transferable tickets to Mess. Corri & Co. No. 37.—North Bridge Street.—Admittance tickets to Non-subscribers, 5s. each, to be had at all the Music Shops, and at the door of the Assembly Rooms.

TO THE NOBILITY, GENTRY, AND PUBLIC.

MR BAYLE returns his most grateful thanks to the Nobility, Ladies, and Gentlemen, who have hitherto so liberally supported him in his endeavours, and begs leave to acquaint them, that his next BALL in GEORGE'S SQUARE ASSEMBLY ROOMS will be on Friday the 29th March curt. on the former terms.

AN APPRENTICE WANTED FOR A LINEN WAREHOUSE.

A YOUNG MAN, from 14 to 16 years of age, who can be well recommended.—Apply to the Publisher.

WANTED TO BORROW,
On undoubted Personal Security,
THE SUMS of 400l. 200l. 250l. and 200l.—For particulars, enquire at James Laidlaw, clerk to the signet.

CONTRACTORS FOR ROADS IMMEDIATELY WANTED,

AN EXPERIENCED PERSON is immediately wanted, to put the Road from Keppoch, in Arisaig, to Glenfinnen, (near Fort William), in a complete state of repair as soon as possible. The length is about twenty English miles, and there is abundance of gravel and good materials along the whole line.

Any person wishing to contract for said road, may, after viewing the same and, seeing the repair needed, give in estimate of the expence to Mr Macdonald Buchanan, writer to the signet, Mr Robert Brown, factor to Clanranald, or Mr John Macdonald of Borrodale, either of whom will inform as to further particulars, and conclude a bargain.

None need apply but such as can be well recommended.
EDIN. March 16. 1799. Not to be repeated.

TO BE SOLD,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At and below Prime Cost, for Ready Money only,
On Wednesday the 27th March current, and following lawful days, until all is sold off, in the Shop No. 47. South Bridge, possessed by GEORGE and JOHN TAYLORS,

A Large, Elegant, and Extensive Assortment of CHINA, GLASS, and STAFFORDSHIRE STONE WARE, being the whole remaining Stock on hand belonging to Mess. Taylors, at said shop, consisting of complete Table and Desert Services, with plain and different coloured borders; Plates and Dishes, Mugs, Basons, Salopiam China Cups and Saucers, Fruit Baskets, Cut Glass, Pearl white, composition Mugs and Jugs, with a variety of other articles of China, Glass, and Stone Ware.

The goods are all fashionable, and in complete order, and will positively be all sold off, so great bargains may be expected; and therefore this sale will be found very worthy of attention.

The SHELVES in the shop and appurtenances are also to be disposed of.

N. B. The SALE to be from ten to three, and from four to eight o'clock every lawful day.

EDINBURGH, 18th March 1799.

COUNTY OF FORFAR.

SUCH Heritors in this County as intend to Redeem their LAND TAX, are requested to give intimation to PETER RANKEN, Clerk to the Commissioners, at Forfar, whether the consideration to be given for the Redemption is Stock in Three per Cent. Consols, in Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities, or in Cash; and whether the Stock is to be transferred, and the cash paid at once; or in what number of instalments.

The Commissioners are to meet in the house of John Martin, vintner at Brechin, on Tuesday the 9th day of April next, at twelve o'clock noon.

By Order of the Commissioners,
PETER RANKEN.

PEEBLES-SHIRE ROAD MEETING.

THERE is to be a Meeting of the TRUSTEES of the LINTON and NOBLE HOUSE DISTRICT of Tweedale Turnpike Roads, on Tuesday 26th March, at one o'clock, when it is requested that all the Trussees will attend, as business of particular importance is to be laid before them.

HOUSE IN GEORGE'S SQUARE.

To be SOLD by private bargain, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT HOUSE, lately possessed by the deceased Mrs Pringle of Bowland, consisting of a dining-room, drawing-room, three bed-rooms and kitchen on the first floor, and several apartments in the attic storey.

A Stable and Hay Loft adjoining are also to be disposed of with the house, and there is a Cistern in the back area common to the premisses, and the house below supplied by a leader from the town pipe.

If the house is not sold before the 1st of April, it will be Let for the ensuing year.

For particulars apply to Mess. Gibson and Oliphant, W. S. Merchant Street

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AN EXTENSIVE SALMON FISHING,
ON THE RIVER SOLWAY.

To be LET, and entered into immediately, for one or three years, as may be afterwards agreed on,

ALL and Whole that extensive SALMON FISHING, being the Lake or Raise-Net Fishing on the Frith or River Solway, belonging to the Right Hon. the Earl of Mansfield, as some time possessed by James Graham, and lastly by John Scott and others.

This Salmon Fishing lies along the coast opposite to the Earl's estates of Dornock and Gratney, comprehending a track of coast near six miles.

For particulars enquire at Robert Henderson, Esq. at Comlongon, or James Laidlaw, clerk to the signet.

HOUSE AND GARDEN AT BALGREEN,
In the immediate neighbourhood of Edinburgh.

To be LET for the Summer Months, and entered to at or before Whitsunday next,

THE HOUSE, Garden, &c. at Balgreen, lately possessed by Mrs Ponton, situated within two miles of Edinburgh, to which there is good access by the Saughtonhall and Corstorpine roads.

For particulars apply to Mr David Johnston, Corstorphine.

TICKLE TOBY

WILL COVER this Season, as usual at HUTTONHALL, in the county of Berwick, at the following rates; thorough bred Mares, whither remaining with the horse or not, Three Guineas each, and Five Shillings to the groom; common Mares, One Guinea and a-Half, and Two Shillings and Sixpence to the groom; and if remaining, Five Shillings.

Tickle Toby was got by Alfred; his dam Cælia by Fitzherod, out of Proserpine, sister to Eclipse, by Mars, &c. Tickle Toby is allowed to be one of the strongest and finest blood-horses that ever covered in the north. He is full 16 hands high, with bone in proportion, and free from every natural lameness, or accidental blemish; and for symetry of shape, action, figure, and fire, he is equalled by few. He has proved himself a remarkable sure foal getter for these three seasons past, and has handed down to his get his own good properties. His colts, not five years old, having risen in some instances to 15 hands high, with proportionable bone and full blood.—Tickle Toby's performances as a runner are well known to Gentlemen upon the turf, and have a distinguished place in the racing kalendar. Gentlemen sending mares to be covered may depend on their having good grass, hay, and corn, according to instructions, and no less careful treatment than if personally present.

Tickle Toby will be shown to the public, at Berwick, on the second Saturday of April, and at Kelso and Dunse upon some market-day during that month.

ELEGANT FURNITURE CALICOES & CARPETS.

GILCHRIST and CO. now solicit the attention of their numerous Friends and the Public, to their Large and Elegant Stock of FURNITURE CALICOES for the *Spring Trade*, which they can, with confidence, recommend to those who have occasion to furnish houses at present, as being more worthy of their inspection than any they ever had on hand.

At the solicitation of many of their Friends, they have likewise been induced to enter into the

CARPET TRADE,

and have therefore laid in an assortment of excellent patterns and quality, with which they can supply their customers on the most reasonable terms, having formed a connection with one of the first houses in the trade.

Their assortments of Counterpanes, Bed Quilts, and English Blankets, are likewise well worth the attention of their Friends.

N. B. G. & Co. have got to hand this day, a very great choice of Japan, Brocade, and Lappet MUSLINS, of the most elegant patterns ever exhibited in this country.

High Street, Edinburgh.

CHEAP DAYS.
To CONTINUE A FORTNIGHT ONLY.

ARCHIBALD GIBSON has the honour of acquainting his Friends and the Public, That his CHEAP DAYS will commence on Monday the 25th current, when he will expose to SALE all the Remainder of his WINTER STOCK of GOODS at nearly

HALF PRICE.

In particular, Short Lengths of Printed Cottons; Muslins, Gold and Silver Sprigs; Flowers, Feathers, and variety of other Fancy Articles, &c. &c.

TWO APPENTICES WANTED.

South Bridge Street, March 20.

NILE, CRESCENT, AND ANGULAR
BEAVER HATS.

C. IZETT, begs leave to acquaint the LADIES, That he has at present a great variety of BEAVERS of the above description, which are not to be got any where else in Scotland.

C. I. has always on hand a Large Assortment of GENTLEMENS HATS of the Newest Fashion.

N. B.—Dealers supplied on the same terms as from the first houses in England.

PHOENIX FIRE-OFFICE,
LOMBARD STREET, LONDON.

PERSONS insured by this Company, whose Annual Premiums fall due at LADY DAY, are requested to take notice, that printed receipts (issued from, and chequed at this Office) are now in the hands of the several Agents. All Annual and Septennial Policies will, as hitherto, remain in force fifteen days after quarter day.

The Agents of the Phœnix Company for Scotland, are

Mr John Young, -	Edinburgh,
Harry Lumsden, Esq. -	Aberdeen,
Messrs Loudon, Craigie, & Co.	Glasgow,
Mr Thomas Sandeman, -	Perth,
Mr William Clark -	Dumfries,
Mr Alexander Innes, -	Elgin,
Mr Robert Branton, -	Leith.

☞ Many accidents by fire occasioned by LIGHTNING having happened during the last year, by some of which property to a large amount has been destroyed, to the heavy loss of the sufferers, most of whom were uninsured; the Directors of this Office think it necessary again to explain, that the PHOENIX OFFICE, by its Policies (without any special covenant for that purpose) holds itself liable to pay and make good all losses arising from fire so occasioned.

By order of the Directors,
H. A. HARDY, Sec. of the Country Department.

BRITISH FIRE OFFICE, No. 429, STRAND.

THE Public are informed, That this Office is established for the Insurance of Buildings, Ships in Harbour, Goods, Furniture, and other Effects, against Loss or Damage by Fire in any part of Great Britain.

This institution is formed by persons of property and respectability, on a large capital and undeniable security, which they with confidence assure the Public will be amply sufficient for every engagement.

Great attention has been paid in ascertaining and fixing the rates and conditions of insurances; and the Proprietors flatter themselves, that they will be found, on examination, to be as beneficial to the insured as they are fair and just to the insurers.

The Office will open at the above place, on Wednesday the 20th of March instant, to receive applications for insurances; and printed proposals will be then ready for delivery. Agents duly authorised will be appointed in all the principal cities and towns in Great Britain, whose names will be published in the papers of the districts where they reside.

The following Gentlemen are elected from among the Proprietors, as the First Directors, Trustees, and Auditors of this establishment:—

DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Kinnaird	Tho. Philip Hampson, Esq.
Sir John Cox Hippisley, Bart.	George Johnstone, Esq.
William Chisholme, Esq.	Wm. Luthington, Esq. M. P. and Ald.
James Peter Auriol, Esq.	Ralph Leycester, Jun. Esq.
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The Rt. Hon. Lord Kinnaird	William Lushington, Esq. M. P. and Ald.
Sir John Cox Hippisley, Bart.	
Stamp Brookbank, Esq.	

AUDITORS.

John Hosier, Esq.	Robert Wigram, Esq.
David Thomas, Esq.	

Mr Robert Skelton, Secretary.
Richard Williams, Esq. Solicitor.

SEA POLICY DUTY.

BY the act passed in the 35th year of his present Majesty's reign, granting certain Stamp Duties on Sea Insurances, from and after the 5th July 1795, it is enacted, "That every "contract or agreement entered into for any insurance liable in "duty by the said act, shall be ingrossed, printed, or written, and "shall be deemed and called *a Policy of Insurance*; and that the "premium or consideration paid, or contracted for, upon the risk "or adventure insured against, with the names of the subscribers "and underwriters, and sums insured shall be expressed in such "policy; otherwise the same shall be null."

It is also enacted, "That no such contract or agreement shall "be available in law, unless *properly stamped*; and that the same "shall not be stamped after being ingrossed, printed, or written."

It is further enacted, "That persons making insurances, unless "the contract shall be properly stamped, and brokers or others "acting contrary to the said act, shall forfeit FIVE HUNDRED "POUNDS; and that the brokerage shall not be a legal charge "against the employers."

And it is further enacted, "That, if any person shall become "an assurer upon such insurance, or shall subscribe or underwrite "any such insurance, or shall receive or contract for any premium "for the same, or shall pay or allow, or agree to pay or allow, in "account or otherwise, any sum or sums of money, upon any "loss, peril, or contingency relative to such insurance as aforesaid, unless such insurance shall be ingrossed, printed, or written "on vellum, parchment, or paper, according to the directions of "this act; or if any person shall be concerned in any fraudulent "contrivance or device, with intent to evade the duties by this "act imposed, every such person shall, for every such offence, "forfeit and pay the sum of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS."

And whereas information has been received That evasions are practised in Scotland to a great extent, with regard to the said duty, by effecting insurances without using the legal stamps, notwithstanding the full duties are charged upon the persons for whom such insurances are made, whereby this branch of the revenue is very materially injured in its expected produce, intimation is hereby made, That any information tending to the discovery of offenders will be received at the Solicitor's Office; and that the informers will be concealed, and receive a suitable reward, on the conviction of offenders.

Stamp Office, Edinburgh, March 15. 1799.

ALEX. MENZIES,
Head Distributor & Collector, North-Britain.

This Day is Published,
London: Printed for J. Debrett, Piccadilly; G. Nicoll, bookseller to his Majesty, Pall Mall; Egerton, Whitehall; and Sewell, Cornhill; sold also by Manners and Miller, and Archibald Constable, Edinburgh,
NARRATIVE
OF THE
SHIPWRECK OF THE JUNO,
On the Coast of Arracan,
And of the singular preservation of fourteen of her company on the wreck, without food, during a period of twenty-three days.
In a letter to his father, the Rev. Thomas Mackay, Minister of Lairg, Sutherlandshire,
BY WILLIAM MACKAY,
Late Second Officer of the Ship.
The fourth edition—with notes and illustrations.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS MARY BLACK, *alias* CHAMBERS, pretending to be a married woman deserted by her husband, was, in the summer of last year 1798 received into the service of a Lady in Edinburgh, under the above Characters. But it having been since discovered, that the said Mary Black, or Chambers, is a person of an infamous life, and it being strongly suspected, that she carried a forged certificate from the above-mentioned service along with her when she quitted it, the Public are hereby warned concerning her.

Mary Black *alias* Chambers, is a native of Dysart in Fifeshire, supposed about 24 or 25 years of age, a little woman, brown hair, fair skin, and speaks the Scotch dialect remarkably broad.

Edinburgh, March 18. 1799.

SUN FIRE-OFFICE,
WRITERS COURT, ROYAL EXCHANGE.

THE Annual Premiums due upon Insurances in this Office at the term of LADY DAY, *being the 25th of* MARCH *instant, are requested to be immediately paid up, as also a Duty of Two Shillings on every Hundred Pounds, as by neglecting the payment thereof 15 days after the term, the benefit of the policy expires.*

Persons insured are therefore desired to call at the Office, where receipts are given for the premium on old Insurances, and policies issued for new ones. ROBERT ALLAN, AGENT.

EDINBURGH COUNTY MILITIA.

INTIMATION.

THE PERSONS FOLLOWING,
viz,
St Cuthberts.
Mr Watson student of medicine, at Mr Caple's, taylor, Drummond Street.
Robert Brown, at Mrs Carric's, Head of the Pleasance.
James Pearson writer, Head of the Pleasance.
George Duncan writer, Belfield.
Currie.
William Russell paper maker, Killieth paper mill.
Inveresk.
Adam Gill, indweller Fisherow.
Libberton.
Andrew Goodlatt, servant to Robert Muirhead, wright, North Liberton.
Crichton.
Gilbert Sinclair student, Longfaugh.

Balloted for the above parishes, having failed to attend, or provide substitutes, notwithstanding of various intimations and advertisements in the newspapers, and on the church doors, were deemed to have forfeited the penalties in the militia acts, and for want of effects whereon to levy the same, were declared deserters.—Therefore, and as the above persons have not been apprehended within the two kalendar months limited by the statute, the above parishes are hereby required, within one kalendar month from this date, to procure fit and able persons to serve instead of such deserters; otherwise, the Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace of this county, will, on Wednesday the 1st day of May next, at 2 o'clock afternoon, at the house of Mr M'Farlane, Clerk to the General Meetings of Lieutenancy, No. 14. North Frederick Street, Edinburgh, proceed to ballot for others in their places, from the original ballot boxes, which makes it necessary for the parishes at large, and for those persons whose names are still undrawn, to endeavour to have the above persons apprehended, or to procure others in their stead, to prevent the ballot falling on those in the original ballot boxes.

EDIN. March 18. 1799. BUCCLEUCH, Ld. Lieut.
WILL. MACFARLANE, C. G. M

ARGYLESHIRE MILITIA.

AT A GENERAL MEETING of LIEUTENANCY, held at Inverary upon the 13th day of March current, the following persons, balloted as Militiamen for the county of Argyle, having failed to appear, though required to attend for the purpose of being sworn in, have been declared deserters, viz.

DISTRICT OF ARGYLE.

Parish of
Knapdale—Duncan Fisher, at Kildurskland.
John Macfarlan, herring-fisher, Glenralloch.
Kilmartin—Neil Monach, Crinan Canal.
COWAL.
Dunoon—Martin M'Neilage, taylor, Knockamily.
John Lamont, son to John Lamont at Halftown.
Kilfinan—Hector Douglas, Shemaha.
LORN.
Kilbrandan and Kilchattan—John Macdonald, servant at Cuan.
John Brown, weaver, Leitkabuie Luing.
Lismore—Donald M'Intyre, labourer.
Glenurchay—John Sinclair, late in Auch, now residing at Taymdrom.
KINTYRE.
Southend—Archibald Montgomery, Machriemore Miln.
Campbelltown—Daniel M'Cochran, Drumliman.
Archibald M'Millan, Knocknahaw.
Thomas Hutcheson, Firfergus Glen.
Gigha—John M'Neill, Ardelay.
Sween M'Quilkan, Leim.
Killean and Kilchenzie—Alexander M'Larty, Tangy.
Donald Macwoker, South Rownaherine.
Peter Bane, Tangy Miln.
MULL.
Torosay—John M'Callum, labourer, Auchnacroish.
Allan M'Lean, weaver in Rossal.
Tyree and Coll—Archibald Brown, resident in Hillipoll.
Islay—James M'Nab, husbandman in Kilbranan.
Archibald Gillespie, son to Malcolm Gillespie in Conisby.
Donald Sinclair, husbandman, Ballitarsan.
Neil M'Aulay, farmer in Bolsay.
Donald M'Diarmid, shoemaker, Baster Elister.
Finlay Ferguson, tailor in Sunderland.
Donald Docharty, labourer, Kilmenny.
Malcolm Smith, labourer, Lower Killean.
Charles Monie, cottar, Ballevicar.
Alexander M'Dougall, Esknish.
Gilbert Reid, Kildalton.
Dugald M'Dougall, fisher in Ardfin Jura.
John M'Nab, Collonsay.
ARDNAMURCHAN.
Ardnamurchan—Donald Mackay, tailor in Ronachan Strone.
Kilmalie—Duncan Cameron, smith in Achentour Mamore.
John Cameron, shepherd in Auchaphupil Ardgour.
Hugh M'Millan, farmer in North Garvan.
John M'Innish, farmer in Cailchenna.
John M'Lean in Sallachan Ardgour.
Morven—Dugald Cameron, herd at Laudill.

The above parishes are therefore required to produce fit persons to serve instead of the above named and designed deserters, otherwise the Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the County, will, on the 13th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon, proceed to ballot for others in their place from the original lists.—It is therefore the interest of the different parishes to apprehend these persons who have not yet appeared, to prevent the ballot from falling on those whose names still remain undrawn.

By order of the Meeting.
INVERARAY, March 13. 1799. DUN. CAMPBELL, Clerk.

CORN EXCHANGE, March 18.

	s.	s.	d.		s.	s.	d.
English Wheat,	40	49	0	Malt,	38	43	0
Essex,	50	54	0	Fine,	—	44	0
Barley,	28	33	0	Oats,	23	26	0
Fine New,	—	34	0	Mealing,	25	28	0
Fine Flour	42	45	0	Fine,	—	—	—

—*STOCKS*—

This day, (March 18.) at twelve o'clock—3 *per cent. red.* — 3 *per cent. con.* 53¾

ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY.

Twenty-eighth Day.—No. 8353, a prize of 500l. Nos 367, 19,632, 23,212, 41,927, prizes of 50l.

Twenty-ninth Day.—Nos. 11,001, 5063, prizes of 500l. Nos. 14,098, 2087, prizes of 50l.

HORSES STOLEN.

On the night of Sunday the 17th curt. there was stolen from stable of Mr James Badenach, Minister of Kingoldrum, in the county of Forfar,

A LARGE BLACK HORSE, rising seven years old, about 15½ hands high, of a long and clean make, a cut mane, and a bushy switch tail, with several white hairs in it; his back is a little sure with the cart saddle, has a white spot in his forehead, his near fore foot, and his off hinder foot are also white, and there is a large white spot under his belly.

On the same night, also, There was stolen from the stable of Charles Mitchell, in Kingoldrum, A LIGHT BROWN HORSE, rising seven years old, of a long make, light in the belly, with a large spot in his forehead, his mane hanging loose on both sides of his neck, and a large switch tail.

On the same night, also, There was stolen from John Rait, in Kinclune, in same parish, A LARGE BLUE HORSE, which was carried away with the above. If horses of the above description, or either of them, are discovered, or offered to sale, it is desired, that they and the persons offering them to sale may be secured, and information thereof given to the said Mr Badenach, by Kerricruir, or to James Stormonth, writer, St James's Square Edinburgh, when all expences shall be thankfully paid.

A CHEAP & EXTENSIVE SALE OF HABERDASHERY & HOSIERY GOODS,

At No. 29. South Bridge Street.

JOHN FORREST most respectfully informs the Public, That as he intends in future to confine his trade entirely to the sale of two or three particular articles, he has now begun to sell off his Whole Stock of HABERDASHERY & HOSIERY GOODS, at such uncommon low prices, as to render it an object worthy of particular attention; and also, he flatters himself, speedily to make room for his new arrangement; and the following articles, of which he has at present a very large choice, he would particularly recommend as being uncommon great bargains.

A large assortment of plain, figured, and striped India and British Muslins, remarkably cheap.

Rich Black Modes for Cloaks, of a particular soft quality, 20 per cent. below the common prices.

A beautiful choice of Printed Cotton, Muslin and Worsted Shawls, all new patterns.

Silk Handkerchiefs, Persians and Sattins.

A beautiful choice of White and Black Patent Lace Vails, uncommonly cheap.

Rich Satin Ribbons, 5d. and 6d. the yard.

A very large assortment of Ladies and Gentlemens Cotton and Silk Stockings, which will be sold off greatly below prime cost.

Black and White Laces and Edgings in great variety.

Best broad striped Callimancoes and Durants, all colours, at 1s. the yard.

A capital choice of Irish Linens and French Cambrics, Dimitties, Flannels, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Gloves, &c.

And a great variety of other articles in the above line, which will all be sold off at most uncommon low prices.

N. B.—Country dealers or families who purchase whole or half pieces of any article will also be allowed a liberal discount.

FLAX, RICE, AND CHEESE, CONSIGNED.

To be Sold by public Sale, at the Warehouse of James Pillans and Co. Leith, on Friday the 29th curt. at 12 o'clock noon,

FORTY-ONE Matts of WHITE FLAX from Germany.
36 Barrels—and
5 Tierces of CAROLINA RICE (cleaned) and
About 300 DUTCH CHEESES of excellent quality.

To be seen on the morning of the day of sale.

Leith, 21st March 1799.

TO BE LET,

GREENLAW HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the banks of the Esk, about eight miles from Edinburgh, on the road to Peebles. Apply to Mr Cadell, No. 50, George's Street.

ROUP OF WOOD.

THERE is to be a ROUP of WOOD at Duplin and Aberdalgie, on Saturday the 23d March curt. consisting of ASH, BEECH, &c.

The roup to begin at the Milltown of Aberdalgie, at eleven o'clock.

FARM IN FIFE TO LET.

To be Let for Thirteen years, and entered to at Michaelmas next, 1799,

THE FARM of LUCKLAW, possessed by James Farmer, lying in the parish of Leuchars, consisting of about 100 Scots acres of arable land, and a few acres of hill pasture. It is of a black loamy soil, producing good crops of all kinds. It lies within six miles both of Cupar, the county town, and of St Andrews, where there are regular weekly corn markets, and within about three miles of Newport on the Tay, where victual is shipt.

The present tenant will shew the farm, and a plan and measurement of it will be seen in the hands of Mr Robert Johnston, writer in Cupar, to whom proposals in writing may be given in betwixt this and the 1st of May next. Those not accepted will be concealed, if desired.

DOUGLAS BLEACHFIELD,

Near Dundee, 1799.

WILLIAM SANDEMAN, grateful for past favours, begs leave to inform the Public, that he continues to bleach in the best manner, at his usual moderate prices.

Cloth taken in at Edinburgh by Mess. Phin and Patison, South Bridge—at Arbroath by Mr William Renny, merchant—at Montrose by Mr John Kinnear, merchant, and Mr James Findlay at Mess. Nicol and Webster's factory—at Brechin by Mr David Erskine, merchant—at Forfar by Mr David Adam, merchant—at Glammis by Mr Alexander Fairweather, merchant—at Kirriemuir by Alexander Deuchars, carrier—at William Sandeman's shop, Cowgate, Dundee; and at the Bleachfield.

TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of ROBERT HARDY, Tailor and Shopkeeper in St Mary's Wynd, Edinburgh, are requested to meet in John's Coffeehouse, at one o'clock on Tuesday the 2d April, on business of importance to his creditors.

Not to be repeated.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smacks,
KELSO PACKET, Rob. Moor Master, and
SPRIGHTLY PACKET,
James Taylor Master,

Will take in goods, the former till Friday afternoon, at three o'clock; and the latter till Wednesday evening, at six o'clock, when they will sail.

Union Shipping Company's Office, Leith, March 21. 1799.

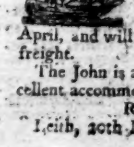
AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The Old Shipping Company's Smacks,
TWEED PACKET, Capt. Ord, and
BRITANNIA PACKET, Capt. Nisbet.

The former will take in goods till Friday afternoon, at two o'clock, when she will sail direct; and the latter till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday afternoon, at four o'clock.

Old Shipping Co's Office, Leith, March 20. 1799.

FOR QUEBEC,
THE FINE BRIG CONCORD,
Burden 240 tons,
Richard Wilson Master.
Apply to ADAM AND MATTHIE.
Greenock, 18th March 1799.



FOR ST PETERSBURG,
THE BRIG
JOHN,
Alexander Malcolm Master,

Sails from Leith for St Petersburgh on the 15th April, and will take out passengers or any goods offering upon freight.

The John is a new vessel of 300 tons burthen, and has excellent accommodations for passengers. Apply to
RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, & CO. Leith.

Leith, 20th March 1799.

LONDON GAZETTE.

ST JAMES's—March 13, 1799.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on James Durno, of Atrochie, Esq. late his Majesty's Consul at Memel in Prussia.

[This Gazette contains a Proclamation prohibiting any person from coming to Britain from Ireland, without producing a passport.]

HOUSE OF COMMONS, March 15.

COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY.

In the Committee of Supply 150,000l. for foreign secret service money for the year 1799, was voted, with allowances to the Turkey Company. The report to be received to-morrow.

The House went into a Committee on the Volunteer Corps act, the report ordered to be received to-morrow.

The order of the day being read for the House to go into a Committee upon the Provisional Cavalry bill,

Sir J. Sinclair thought it would not be prudent to diminish the force of cavalry in the country.

Mr Dundas said, that when the measure was first proposed, this body of men did not amount to more than 5000; they now amounted to at least 25,000 men; and it would be acting teazingly and vexatiously, unnecessarily to keep such a number of men at an immense expence, which, though the country was very ready to bear, yet it would be improper in those who administered its affairs, to permit those expences to be incurred to no purpose.

Sir John Sinclair thought it would be right to have the men mustered, though it might be difficult to provide horses for them.

Mr Dundas said, that it was his intention that the vacancies should be filled up, and the corps recruited, in the same manner, as in the fencible cavalry; to which effect he then introduced a clause, which was agreed to.

He also proposed a clause for permitting the provisional cavalry to go on foreign services, if such appeared to be their desire; which clause was agreed to.

The House went through the bill in a Committee, and the report to be received to-morrow.

MARCH 16.

The report of the Committee of supply being brought up, the following resolutions were agreed to, viz.

For the secret service abroad for the year 1799	L. 150,000
For suffering French Clergy and Laity, and For American Loyalists	226,000
For the Turkey Company	5,000
Total,	L.381,000

INCOME BILL.

The report on this bill being brought up, a very great number of clauses were added to it by way of amendments.

Mr Lloyd proposed, that Clergymen of the established Church, having income under 200l. a-year, should only pay the half of the rate.

Mr Pitt opposed this, and the clause was withdrawn.

The bill ordered to be read a third time on Monday.

HAMBURGH MAIL.

RASTADT—MARCH 1.

This morning, at five o'clock, the French army began to cross the Rhine. General Vandamme commanded the advanced guard.

At nine o'clock the French Ministers delivered the following note and proclamations to the Deputation of the Empire, which were brought last night by an Adjutant-General from Strasburgh. A note of the same effect was also delivered to the Count de Lehrbach. Couriers and estafettes were dispatched immediately on every side.

NOTE OF THE FRENCH LEGATION TO THE DEPUTATION OF THE EMPIRE.

The undersigned Ministers Plenipotentiary of the French Republic for the negotiation with the German Empire, have received orders from the Executive Directory to acquaint the Deputation of the Empire with the inclosed proclamation. They obey those orders, by joining to the present note a copy, certified by themselves, of that proclamation, and of the address of General Jourdan to the army he commands.

"The Undersigned are at the same time charged to declare, that this march of the army ought only to be considered as a precaution commanded by circumstances; that the desire for peace upon the part of the French Government, continues to be lively and sincere, and that it persists in concluding it with the Empire, in the supposition that the empire will declare itself against the march of the Russian troops.

"Rastadt, 11th Ventose (1st March), 7th year of he French Republic.

"BONNIER—JEAN DEBRIE—ROBERJOT."

French Republic—Liberty! Equality.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY.

PROCLAMATION.

"The troops of his Majesty the Emperor, in contempt of a Convention concluded at Rastadt, 11th Frimaire, sixth year, have repassed the Inn, and have left the Hereditary States.

"This movement has been combined with the march of the Russian troops, who loudly declare, that they come to attack and combat the French Republic, and who are at this moment in the States of the Emperor.

"Always faithful to the obligations imposed upon it; always animated with the sincere desire of maintaining a state of peace; always disposed to presume the same sentiments on the part of his Majesty the Emperor, the French Government has demanded a satisfactory declaration upon this march of the Russian troops, and upon the passage which is granted them.

"The Emperor has remained silent. The Directory therefore sees itself under the necessity of a legitimate defence; and forced by the duty incumbent upon every state, to provide for its own safety, to cause the French armies to take such position as circumstances render necessary. But it at the same time declares, that its desire for peace is invariable, and that the very moment his Majesty the Emperor shall acquaint them, by an amicable declaration, that the Russians have evacuated his estates, and that his own troops have again taken the position determined by the Convention concluded at Rastadt, the French armies shall on their side return to the positions they have occupied up to this time.

"Approved by the Executive Directory, 2d Ventose (20th February) 7th year.

"Reveilliere Lepaux, Pres.
"Legarde, Sec. General."

LIBERTY! EQUALITY!

"Head-Quarters of the Army of Mentz, the Ventose, 7th year of the French Republic, one and indivisible.

The Commander in Chief to the Army.

"SOLDIERS!

"In contempt of a solemn convention, the troops of Austria have passed, the first, the line of demarcation. The Emperor, deceiving the pacific dispositions of the French Government, has called into the bosom of Germany armed strangers, less known by their military success than their ravages in former wars; and while, scrupulous observers of the faith of treaties, you remained behind your lines, in a firm but peaceable attitude, this Prince dared to concert hostile movements with his new allies, and avail himself, under favour of a perfidious silence, of the advantages which your security gave him. This manifest infraction, this outrage on public faith, respected by all civilized nations, has at length compelled the Executive Directory to make reprisals. It has done every thing for peace; but if war is wished, it will make it. Soldiers, let us come out of our lines, and recommence that career we have hitherto pursued with so much glory.

"We will fight, if we meet with opposition to our assuming the military position towards which the army advances; we will fight, if the Emperor does not promptly and strictly execute the existing convention; but faithful to the principles of moderation which have hitherto characterized the French nation, we will retreat, and re-enter our former lines as soon as the Republic shall have received the satisfaction it has a right to expect.

"Soldiers, in resuming your arms, recollect that the scourge of war ought only to fall on the enemies of the Republic; your glory will be effaced, your laurels withered, the wishes of your enemies fulfilled, if you are guilty of blameable excesses. You know that your enemies have employed all their arts to arm the nations of Europe against the French people. Let your conduct give the lie to all their perfidious accusations. Remember constantly, that the army must respect general and individual property, and that every disorder will be restrained by force, and punished with severity.

"It is you especially, Superior Officers, Chiefs of Corps, Commanders, whom I shall render personally responsible for the strict execution of my intentions, and those of the Government. Maintain the most exact discipline, provide for the wants of the troops under your command, watch over them incessantly; tell them, that every mean action is unworthy of the French name; remind them, that it would stain the glory of the armies of the Republic, and no doubt they will return to good order.

"Animated with the principles of justice and equity, the Executive Directory has ordered me to inform you, that its firm intention is to reimburse the people and Governments friendly to the Republic, for whatever they may furnish to supply the unforeseen necessities of the army. It is requisite, therefore, that there shall be delivered with the most scrupulous punctuality *bons*, (or certificates,) of whatever shall be required or furnished for the army; and to prevent impositions, I hereby give notice, that the Commissary General authorised by me, shall alone be empowered to levy requisitions of every kind, though the Generals and Commanders of detached troops may levy requisitions on occasions of urgency; but in every case, a copy shall be transmitted to me, and every imposition punished with the utmost severity, though I trust, soldiers, you will spare this pain to your General.

"In consequence of these just regulations, worthy of the French nation, the inhabitants of Germany, encouraged to disregard the reports propagated by the malevolence of our enemies, will, I hope, remain calm in the midst of the storm, and be convinced that the best means they can take to preserve their property, will be to remain peaceably in their habitations. But if, on the contrary, notwithstanding what I have engaged, the French army shall find the towns deserted and villages abandoned; if their inhabitants shall oppose its march, or refuse to procure it the succours in their power; then, I declare, with the same frankness, that I will take other measures to punish them and make them repent their temerity.

"The General in Chief,
(A true copy.) "Jourdan.
"The General of Division, Chief of the Staff.
"Ernouf."

London

MARCH 16.

Captain Stirling, late of the Jason frigate, is appointed to the command of La Pompee, of 80 guns, vice Captain Vashon, appointed to the Neptune, in the room of Rear-Admiral Sir E. Gower.

L'Hoche, of 84 guns, taken by Admiral Warren off Tory Island, is named the Donnegal, after the county in Ireland.

Major James Cockburne, eldest son of Sir James, goes out to the Cape of Good Hope, as Aid-de-Camp to Sir George Yonge.

The Hon. Colonel Monson left town this morning for Portsmouth, to embark for the East Indies, to command a regiment.

Two of the mutineers concerned in the murder of the Captain and officers of the Hermoine frigate were executed on Saturday at Portsmouth, and three of their accomplices were reprieved.

On Friday at Maidstone assizes, Charles Wilton was tried for the murder of Captain Brown of the Kite sloop on 28th November last at Sheerness, by shooting him with a pistol.

It appeared that Captain Brown and his Lieutenant, Mr Stewart, were going home at 11 o'clock at night, when Captain B. knocked at the door of the prisoner. Upon which some person within called, that if he did not go away, they had a loaded pistol ready for him. Soon after the door opened, and the pistol discharged, and Captain B. was shot, and he died in a quarter of an hour.

The prisoner, in his defence, urged what he had stated when he was apprehended, namely, that he did not intend what had happened, that his wife had hold of his arm at the time, and that whether he pulled the trigger or not, he did not know.

The Jury acquitted the prisoner of the murder; but found him guilty of feloniously killing.

The Judge observed, that the circumstances in the case were so bad, that he would inflict the most severe punishment the law allowed on the prisoner, which was one year's imprisonment.

GIBRALTAR—February 12.

A few days ago, as a large convoy was leaving this for Minorca, with stores, &c. the wind shifted, and the whole drifted a little to leeward; in consequence the enemy's gun boats, in considerable numbers, immediately came out; some of ours also put to sea to assist the merchantmen, but unfortunately being very few they were immediately surrounded by the haughty Dons, and a smart action ensued on all sides, which at last terminated with one of our gun boats being captured, and four sail of the convoy, said to be richly laden; a gun boat belonging to the garrison was sunk at the same time.

Twenty thousand Spaniards are assembled at Carthagena, and adjoining ports, preparatory to the sailing of an important expedition.

By reports, there is now much bustle in the yard at Cadiz, and preparations for sea very visible amongst the shipping at that port.

For this month past we have scarcely seen any fresh meat; beef sells at 14d. per pound, mutton at 13d. fowls at 2s. 3d. a piece, ducks 4s. and all other things in proportion.

We have had a considerable fall of rain lately. Some officers are about to leave this for the West Indies. The troops stationed here, seem to be in the full enjoyment of health.

Early this month, Lord St Vincent's fleet passed us in a very heavy gale of wind. This is the third time of the same fleet having been driven from off the port of Cadiz to the other side of the Rock, within the last two months.

A convoy is daily expected from England, with various stores in the naval and military way.

Some bomb ketches which went from this on the Minorca expedition, have since gone up the Mediterranean for Alexandria—great news is looked for from this quarter the next easterly wind.

A vessel has just arrived from Lisbon, stating, that a considerable body of British troops consisting of artillery, cavalry, infantry, &c. is to be stationed in that city during the summer.

Malta seems now to be in some measure left to itself, the winds having favoured the enemy, they have been enabled to throw in every necessary reinforcement.

Report gives out, that scarcely a week passes in which the French do not send from some ports or other of the east or west coast of the Neapolitan dominions lately fallen into their hands, flotillas destined for Egypt—These ports are so numerous as to render it impossible to form a total blockade of them. Lord St Vincent still keeps the command of the fleet, though rather unexpectedly, as Lord Keith, who arrived here last December, in the Foudroyant, came out to relieve him. The latter gallant Admiral is said to be on the return home in consequence of ill health.

LONDON—March 17.

Advice is received at the Admiralty, that a considerable convoy, with naval and other stores, and a large body of troops, had arrived at Brest from Bourdeaux. Seven frigates, and seventy gun-vessels, at Havre, have been dismantled, and the crews conveyed to Brest; also the privateers of Cherbourg, and the fishermen along the coasts of Normandy and Brittany, have been put in requisition. The Brest fleet, now in every respect ready for sea, consists in the outward road of ships of 110 guns, and nine two-deckers; and in the inner road there are twelve ships of the line nearly equipt for service. Orders were yesterday issued from the Admiralty, for reinforcing the squadron under the orders of Admiral Kingsmill, and to expedite the equipment of the ships preparing at Portsmouth, &c. for sea.

The Dutch marine has not only repaired the loss in the action of the 11th October, but obtained a more formidable appointment than it has known pending the war. The fleet in the Texel is in readiness for sea. To oppose it, and, we trust, again to triumph, the veteran Lord Duncan is on his return from Scotland to assume the chief command of our Northern squadron.

Government have letters from Palermo, which confirm the disgrace of Prince Pignatelli, who, in violation of the orders, as well as the interest of his Sovereign, had entered into large pecuniary engagements with the French General Championnet, to guarantee the payment of which, he consigned to him the revenues of three provinces. On the arrival of a French Commissioner at Naples to levy contributions, a tumult of the most serious aspect took place, which was ultimately suppressed by the military; but three Neapolitan ships of the line, a frigate, &c. which had been left in charge of the Portuguese naval Commander, were destroyed. This circumstance, so politic and necessary, has been made by the French and their Neapolitan partizans, a source of much grievance, as being, according to their accounts, contrary to the stipulations entered into with Pignatelli.

At Milan it was reported, that a letter had been received from General Lannus, stating, that the Pacha of Syria, at the head of an army of 60,000 men, had been defeated, in a general engagement, by Buonaparte, who had in consequence penetrated into Syria, leaving General Kleber in command of the forces in Egypt. A German Journalist, in announcing the rumour, expresses his belief that it is untrue.

A report prevailed at Milan on the 18th of February, that Sicily was in a state of insurrection, and that the Royal Family had fled on board an English ship to Palermo. Another rumour stated a French column to have penetrated into Tuscany in consequence of some misunderstanding between the Grand Duke and France. Accounts, however, from Vienna of the 27th refute the statement, but observe that France had demanded that no other than French troops should be suffered to pass through the Tuscan territory, and that none but Republican ships should be received into its ports.

General Mack arrived at Milan on the 10th ult. He is to be sent to some fortress in France. The King of Sardinia and his family arrived at Legborn on the 12th ult. Lord Bristol is stated to have escaped from prison at Milan, and to have arrived at Verona.

Letters from Minorca, Feb. 10, state an hourly expectation of being attacked by an expedition fitted out from Carthagena, said to comprise 15,000 men.

Letters from Rastadt, of date February 28. state the Imperial Ministers there to have received instructions from Vienna on the subject of the march of the Russian troops, and to have in consequence declared to the Congress—"That, if the Empire acted without due regard to so powerful a monarch as the Emperor of Russia, the most fatal consequences might result to it, and therefore recommended the Diet to suspend the suffrages till the superior princes decided on the subject."—The Austrian and French Ministers had a meeting on the 26th ult. the result was not satisfactory to either party.

The French complain of the delay of the Diet at Ratisbon, and of Ministers from England and Russia being received. The Diet has voted, by a large majority, to refer the question respecting the Russian troops to the discretion of the Emperor, which thus enables him to direct the decision of the Congress as

The French Miniſters have given aſſurances to the Deputation of the Empire, that Raſtadt ſhall not be occupied by the troops of the Republic.

They write from Straſburgh, that General Bernadotte will occupy the Mein, as the Imperial troops advance into Franconia; and letters from Frankfort, of the 2d inſt. ſtate that quantities of artillery, ammunition, &c. were daily paſſing that city from Hamburgh to Hoechſt. The Hamburgh Gazette of the 8th inſt. ſays, "All the regiments in the Emperor's dominions have received orders to march."

On the 26th ult. the regiment of Toſkana, being the van of a corps of 18,000 men appointed to reinforce the Auſtrian army in the Tyrol, had arrived at Inſpruck. The army in the Tyrol, under Count Bellegarde, is to compriſe 90,000 men. The States of Tyrol are alſo organiſing a plan of defence, and the militia of the country, 100,000 men, well diſciplined, and of approved loyalty, are ready to take the field.

Letters from the Viſtula, of the 26th February, announce extraordinary preparations in Ruſſia for war.—Four armies, each to compriſe 45,000 men, are organizing, and will ſpeedily be ſet in motion. An army likewiſe forming in the Ukraine, and magazines eſtabliſhed near Old and New Conſtantinow, and at Neiſwiez. An hundred pieces of heavy ordnance, and ſeventy pieces of field artillery, have been collected.—The Coſſacks are in motion, and forty pieces of canon have been brought by them from Kiova to Podolia; and, to facilitate the movements of the armies, &c. the roads of Cudnow and Lubar are repairing. At Peterſburgh, the Blagodar, of 130 guns, and two ſhips of 66 guns, were building; at Archangel, three of 74, and two frigates of 44; and in the harbours of the Black Sea, the Boiſkafa a Bogorodizda, the Mary Magdalen, and the Swaetaga Paraſkew of 74 guns each. The whole to be ready for ſea in the Summer.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint to the rank of Yellow, or ſuperannuated Admirals, the ſeveral Captains, who, in conſequence of not having recently ſerved at ſea, were paſſed over in the promotion of flags on the 14th ult.—namely, David Graves, William Knell, William Fox, James Bradley, Iſaac Vaillant, Alexander Edgar, James Macnamara, and John Howarth, Eſqrs.—Captain Bakie appears to have been omitted on the preſent, as on the late occaſion.

LONDON—March 18.

FROM THE FRENCH PAPERS.

Early this morning we received the Paris Gazettes to the 11th inſt. incluſive, brought over by a neutral veſſel arrived at Dover.

The Hamburgh mail anticipates many of the moſt important facts contained in the Paris journals. The letters from Raſtadt are however two days later than thoſe received by Hamburgh. They ſtate that on the 2d inſt. the Deputation of the Empire having met for deliberating on the note delivered on the preceding day by the French Miniſters, had agreed to the following *reſumé*.

"That the note of the French Plenipotentiaries ſhould be immediately ſent to the general Diet of the Empire, with the documents annexed to it; that it would at the ſame time be remarked by the Diet, that the majority of the Deputation was convinced, in conſequence of that note, that the general Diet muſt be perſuaded how urgent it was to put it in the power of the Deputation to give an anſwer to the note of the French Legation of the 2d of January, for the purpoſe of reſuming the negociations already too long ſuſpended; that the preſent deliberation ſhould be tranſmitted, according to cuſtom, to his Imperial Majeſty's Commiſſioner; that he ſhould be requeſted to communicate to the French Miniſters the decision of the Deputation, and to expreſs to them the lively ſentiments with which it is animated to concur with all its powers in procuring a ſpeedy and laſting peace; and that finally the French note, and the documents annexed to it, ſhould be communicated to all the reſpective Deputies who are at Raſtadt."

The Executive Directory reſolved, on the 2d inſtant, that Citizen Jourdan ſhould be named Commander in Chief of the armies of the Danube, of Helvetia, and of obſervation; that Citizen Bernadotte ſhould be appointed Commander of the army of obſervation, under the orders of Citizen Jourdan; and that Citizen Maſſena ſhould be declared Commander of the French army in Helvetia, under the direction of the Commander in Chief of the ſame army.

The paſſage of the Rhine was effected in three columns. General St Cyr paſſed at Fort Vauban, with the right wing of the army; Jourdan, in perſon, with the center at Kehl; and General Ferino, with the left wing, at Huningzen and Baſle.

The center of the army has received conſiderable reinforcements. The command of the cavalry was entruſted to General Klein. Bourſier is appointed Inſpector General. The corps of Engineers is under the direction of General Mareſcot.

It is ſaid that General Maſſena attacked the Griſon country on the 2d inſtant; and that on the 4th General Jourdan's head-quarters were at Gengenback.

Letters from Straſburgh, dated the 3d inſtant, mention, That the French army had marched into Suabia by the country of Wirtembergh, and was to proceed until it met the Auſtrian army, commanded by the Archduke Charles, which, it is ſaid, has advanced as far as Ulm, and even beyond that place. Our army is not to halt for five days. The firſt ſtroke will probably be dreadful. The French diviſion, commanded by General Ferino croſſed the bridge of the Rhine at Baſle on the 1ſt, and took the road of the Frickthal. His head-quarters are at Rheinfield, but will not, it is ſuppoſed, remain there long.

One diviſion of the army of Mentz paſſed the Rhine oppoſite to Philipſbourg, and blockades that fortreſs, in which there are about 1700 troops of the Empire.

The object of General Jourdan, is evidently to make a forced march towards Ulm, and to attack the army of the Archduke without delay.

Letters from Breſcia, dated January 21ſt, mention the departure of a conſiderable body of the French troops with a large train of artillery, and a corps of cavalry from that place for the banks of the Adige, on the frontiers of the Ciſalpine Republic. The various movements of the troops which have recently taken place about that quarter, indicate that the French will not long delay to attack the Auſtrians.

Accounts from Florence, of the 16th ult. ſtate, that Mocenigo, the Ruſſian Miniſter at the Court of the Grand Duke, had notified to that Government, that the Emperor Paul I. had engaged to ſuccour the King of Naples, and to furniſh him with the means of reaſcending his throne. M. Mocenigo loſt no time to ſignify this pleaſing intelligence to his Neapolitan Majeſty at Palermo. The Ruſſian troops are to be landed at Otranto.

The Paris papers confeſs that great tumults prevail throughout Italy, in conſequence of the Military Conſcriptions. The ſpirit of inſurrection at Naples is far from being appeaſed, and is conſidered in ſo formidable a view by General Championnet, that he has publiſhed a proclamation, offering rewards to thoſe who may diſcover the arms of the diſaffected, and denouncing the moſt dreadful puniſhments againſt thoſe who ſhall be found guilty of concealing them.

On the 6th of laſt month, at nine o'clock at night, the French troops at Naples were aſſembled, and proceeded by detachments to a domiciliary viſit of all the houſes in that city, for ſeizing the arms of the inhabitants, and arreſting ſuſpected perſons.

Prince Pignatelli has, by order of the King of Naples, been ſhut up in the caſtle of Trapani.

Letters from Cadiz, of the 16th ult. ſtate, that great exertions are making to ſend the fleet in that port to ſea.

Official accounts received at Paris from Madrid, dated the 22d of January, ſtate, that M. Savedra has been ſucceeded in the office of Miniſter for foreign affairs by M. d'Urquijo.

The Directory of the Batavian Republic has ſubmitted to the legiſlative body, a plan for organizing an armed force of eight demi-brigades of infantry, four battalions of Chaſſeurs, and a proportionate body of cavalry, to be formed of all citizens capable of carrying arms, and above the age of 18.

The Directory has, in its proclamations, reſpecting the Primary Aſſemblies, attempted to play off its old trick of a conſpiracy between the royaliſts and anarchiſts, in order to induce the electors to return its own partizans to the legiſlative body. The weak and ignorant, however, can only be dupes of ſuch declamation, and the Executive Government will, no doubt, be compelled to uſe the more effectual means of corruption or force to ſecure a majority of the new Deputies in its favour.

STATE OF THE IMPERIAL ARMY, AS GIVEN IN THE GERMAN JOURNALS.

Army of Italy, commanded by Field Marſhall Melas, 120,000—Army of Tyrol, commanded by Count Bellegarde, diſpoſable and deſtined to detach reinforcements wherever they may be wanted, 24,000—Army of the Griſon country, commanded by General Hotze, a Swiſs, 30,000—Army of the Lech, commanded by the Archduke, having under his command General Schmet, and including 33,000 Ruſſians, 150,000.—Total, 324,000.

The Tyrolians undertake, it is ſaid, the defence of their own country.

It is whiſpered, in the beſt informed circles, that a Noble Lord, high in office, has, ſince the arrival of the laſt continental diſpatches, in his official capacity, accepted a bill of Exchange drawn from the Continent, for 150,000l. Of the preciſe place and name of the drawer we have not been informed; but the circumſtance is conſidered, by thoſe whoſe ſituations give ſome ſtrength to the opinion, as auguring ſucceſs to Mr Grenville's miſſion. We offer no conjecture of our own; but we believe very few people would be much ſurpriſed if the King of Pruſſia ſhould be prevailed upon to accept a large ſum of money for a promiſe of aſſiſtance on his part to the views of England and Auſtria. A very ſhort time muſt open the eyes of many who are blind at preſent!

Capt. Sir H. Trollope has reſigned the command of his ſhip the Ruſſell at Plymouth: Some pique reſpecting the late promotion of Colonels of Marines, in which this officer expected to be named, is ſaid to have occaſioned this reſignation.

A miſunderſtanding of a very ſerious nature, it is ſaid, has ariſen between his Royal Highneſs the Duke of G—, and the E. of T——ville: it originated, as it is ſaid, in the abrupt diſmiſſion of the Hon. General Ben—t from the Duke's eſtabliſhment as Groom of the Chamber.—Be this as it may, a ſharp correſpondence has paſſed for ſome time, between his Royal Highneſs and the Noble Earl, whoſe laſt letter, report ſays, has been ſent unopened to a certain high law character, and by him to have been tranſmitted to a Great Perſonage; and that, in conſequence, a mandate of a peculiar nature has been received by the Noble Earl, under which he does not at preſent ſit perfectly eaſy!

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—MARCH 21.

[FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.]

HOUSE OF COMMONS—March 18.

Mr M'Dowall brought up a bill for impoſing a duty upon ale brewed in Glaſgow, &c. It was read a firſt time and ordered to be read a ſecond time.

Sir William Scott took notice of the defective ſtate of the laws relative to the commiſſion of offences on the high ſeas, and moved for leave to bring in a bill to remedy the ſame.—Leave given.

Mr Pitt brought up a copy of his Majeſty's proclamation for preventing perſons from coming from Ireland into this country without paſſports. It was ordered to be laid on the table.

Mr Rose brought up a bill for continuing the duties upon ſpirits diſtilled in Scotland. It was read a firſt time, and ordered to be read a ſecond time to-morrow.

The proviſional cavalry and volunteer exemption bills were read a third time and paſſed.

The income bill was read a third time. Several verbal amendments were moved and agreed to.

One amendment extended the time for making returns to the 5th of April.

The part of the bill that required two witneſſes to the ſignature of perſons making returns, was ordered to be left out.

FROM THE FRENCH PAPERS.

The following letter from Ratiſbon is the lateſt that has yet appeared from that place:

RATISBON, 2D VENTOSE, FEB. 20.

Notwithſtanding the efforts of ſome Miniſters to put off the deliberations of the Diet on the ſubject of the march of the Ruſſian troops, (efforts which have ſucceeded with the College of Princes, and ſome of the towns,) the Directorial Miniſter of Mentz, opened the deliberation on that affair in the Electoral College the day before yeſterday.

Only two votes have however been given, thoſe of Brandenburgh and Mentz. Treves, Cologne, and Saxony propoſed that the Protocol ſhould be left open—Bohemia proteſted againſt all deliberation, until the ſix weeks ſhould be entirely expired, and Brunſwick—Hanover acceded to that opinion. The Miniſter of Mentz obſerved that it would tend to injure his directorial rights.

The vote of Brandenburg ſtated in ſubſtance, that the declaration already made at Raſtadt might be previouſly conſented; and that if notwithſtanding a further declaration were wiſhed to be made, it might be made known, that the Deputation accept with pleaſure the allegation of the French relative to the armiſtice: That if, according to that armiſtice, and the ſtate of neutrality, the Deputation ought to contribute to ſtop the march of the Ruſſian troops (of which however they are ignorant) it is to be hoped that France will on her part withdraw her troops from the territory of the Empire, and no longer treat the countries occupied by her troops with a ſeverity ſo hoſtile.

That if that ſhould be effected, the Diet would conſider it ſtill another motive for abandoning to the wiſdom of his Imperial Majeſty every arrangement neceſſary for the pacification of the Empire, including the object relative to the Ruſſian troops.

Mr de Buckeer, Ambaſſador from Pruſſia to Stutgard, arrived here on the 29th Pluvioſe. M. de Paget, Miniſter from his Britannic Majeſty, is alſo expected at Munich. It is generally believed that the miſſion of theſe two Miniſters to the Diet, relates to the march of the Ruſſian troops.

A priſoner of war returned from Egypt, and who paſſed by Loute, Corfu, and Raguſſa, has arrived at Ancona, and makes the following report:

"The fortreſs of Corfu has proviſions for one year, and the brave garriſon from time to time makes ſucceſsful ſorties: On the 2d Nivoſe, a brig entered the port favoured by an engagement which the Genereux maintained with four Turkiſh and Ruſſian frigates, and in which they were very ſeverely treated."

LORD NELSON.

We have been favoured with a copy of the following letter, which we preſume will be acceptable to our readers, as it points out in the man who has atchieved ſo much for this country, a union of the characters of the chriſtian and the hero.

Copy of a Letter from Lord Nelson to his Lady.

Vanguard, St Peter's Island, off Sardinia, May 24, 1798.

MY DEAREST FANNY,

I ought not to call what has happened to the Vanguard by the cold name of accident; I believe firmly it was the Almighty goodneſs to check my conſummate vanity. I hope it has made me a better officer, as I feel it has made me a better man. I kiſs with all humility the rod. Figure to yourſelf on Sunday evening, at ſunſet, a vain man walking in his cabin with a ſquadron around him, who looked up to their chief to lead them to glory, and in whom their chief placed the firmeſt reliance, that the proudeſt ſhips of equal numbers belonging to France would have bowed their flags; and with a very rich prize lying by him—Figure to yourſelf on Monday morning, when the ſun roſe, this proud conceited man, his ſhip diſmaſted, his fleet diſperſed, and himſelf in ſuch diſtreſs, that the meaneſt frigate out of France would have been an unwelcome gueſt. But it has pleaſed Almighty God to bring us into a ſafe port—where, although we are refuſed the rights of humanity, yet the Vanguard will in two days get to ſea again as an Engliſh man of war.

Extract of a letter from the Reverend Mr Nelson, father of the Baron of the Nile, to the Reverend Brian Allot (who has a living in the neighbourhood of Burnham), in answer to a congratulatory epiſtle on the late victory, dated October 1798.

My great and good ſon went into the world without fortune, but with a heart replete with every moral and religious virtue; theſe have been his compaſs to ſteer by, and it has pleaſed God to be his ſhield in the day of battle, and to give ſucceſs to his wiſhes, to be of ſervice to his country.

His country ſeems ſenſible of his ſervices; but ſhould he ever meet with ingratitude, his ſcars will cry out and plead his cauſe: for at the ſiege of Baſtia he loſt an eye, at Teneriffe an arm; on the memorable 14th of February he received a ſevere blow on his body, which he ſtill feels, and now a wound on the head. After all this you will believe his bloom of countenance muſt be faded, but the ſpirit beareth up yet as vigorous as ever.

On the 29th of laſt month (September) he completed his fortieth year, cheerful, generous, and good, fearing no evil, becauſe he has done none, an honour to my grey hairs, which, with every mark of old age, creep faſt upon me.

BELFAST—March 15.

Government, we underſtand, have intimated to the different bodies of yeomanry cavalry throughout the kingdom, that their ſervices would be more acceptable as infantry, on account of the nature of the country being unfavourable for the operation of cavalry.

The Diſcount Company's Office, in Bridge-ſtreet, was, on Monday night laſt, broke into, and robbed of caſh to the amount of 550l.

Friday night laſt two deſperate villains went into the houſe of an honeſt induſtrious man, of the name of Mawhinny, by trade a weaver, near Ballymena, and enquired if Mr Mahwinny was at home; upon being informed he was not, they demanded what money was in the houſe; at the ſame time one of the fellows put a ſword to Mrs Mawhinny's breaſt, and threatened inſtant death if ſhe did not inform them where his money lay; the other villain, ſtill more deſperate, lifted the clothes off an infant, only three months old, which lay in the cradle, and holding a ſword over it, threatened to deprive it alſo of exiſtence, if their demands were not immediately complied with; the terrified mother gave the fellows the key of her huſband's drawer, where the plunderers only found one guinea.

Some houſes belonging to the Glenarm yeomanry were a few nights ago ſet fire to by a banditti who have lately infeſted the lower part of this county.

The firſt diviſion of the Breadalbane ſencibles are this day expected in town from Antrim, on their route to Scotland.

The price of inſurance on Engliſh veſſels going to Leghorn or the coaſt of Italy, increaſed from 20 to 25 per cent. during the laſt week. The inſurance from the river for the Embs and Elbe decreaſed nearly 2 per cent. that on Engliſh veſſels to the north of Scotland, Jamaica, and America, ſeverally redueed. The price on running ſhips from Briſtol to Jamaica has, within like period (the laſh week) fallen from 10 a 16 to 8 a 12.

TONTINE.

The Britiſh Tontine, opened at Briſtol ſeven years ago, is juſt now ſettled at eight guineas a ſhare. The premium paid amounted to above ten guineas, and notwithſtanding the deaths and forfeitures, the ſum paid bears no proportion. The loſs chiefly ariſes from the fall of Stocks.

CONVOY.

A convoy for the Baltic is appointed, and will ſail from Leith Roads on the 24th inſt. with ſuch veſſels as may then be ready.

Married here, John MacRitchie, Eſq. writer in Edinburgh, to Miſs Margaret H. Elder, daughter of Thomas Elder, Eſq. of Forneth, Poſt-Maſter General of Scotland.

The Hon. Mrs Hay was ſafely delivered of a daughter at Hadleigh, Suffolk.

Died at Aberdeen, on the 15th curt. in the 69th year of her age, Mrs Innes of Balnacraig.

Died at Banff, on Monday the 11th inſt. Mrs Lawtie, widow of the late Mr George Lawtie, of that place.

Died at his houſe of Kingerloch, on the 14th inſtant, Donald Maclean of Kingerloch, Eſq.

Yeſterday Col. M'Leod of Colbecks, arrived at his ſeat in Eaſt-Lothian, from London.

We underſtand the Royal Edinburgh Light Dragoons, now in quarters at Muſſelburgh, are to be inſpected by the Commander in Chief, on Tueſday next.

It is an uncommon thing to ſee a corps like this, wholly compoſed of gentlemen, moſt of them engaged in buſineſs, give up ſo long a ſpace of time to military duty. The good example, however, which it affords, cannot fail being a very great ſatisfaction to themſelves, beſides, the regularity and unanimity which exiſts in all their operations tends to diffuſe a general happineſs throughout the corps; and, although the ſtricteſt diſcipline is obſerved, no individual ſeems to have any other regret, except that the time which they are called upon to remain in quarters expires ſo ſoon.

Upon the 15th inſtant, at a meeting of the Girvan Volunteers, they unanimouſly agreed to extend their ſervices, in the event of an actual invaſion, or imminent danger thereof, to any part of Scotland they might be ordered to; and requeſted of Sir Hugh Hamilton Dalrymple, Baronet, their Major Commandant, to lay the ſame before the Commander in Chief, which we underſtand has been done, and the offer accepted of.

The Pembrokeſhire Fencible Cavalry, commanded by Colonel Henry Davis, now quartered at Haddington and Muſſelburgh, have, in the moſt handſome manner, offered their ſervices in any part of Europe his Majeſty may be pleaſed to order them.

Mr Strange's Ball was held on Tueſday evening in George's Street Aſſembly Rooms. The company was the moſt reſpectable and ſplendid of the faſhionable ranks in town, and ſo numerous that not an empty ſeat was left at the early hour of five o'clock. The pupils of this celebrated teacher, in every movement and in every ſtep, diſplayed the moſt graceful accompliſhments, and excited the moſt delightful ſenſations in the hearts of thoſe who viewed ſo lovely a group of youth, beauty, and innocence.

A letter from a gentleman in Portſoy, dated the 13th inſt. ſays—"Upon the 9th February laſt, a great number of ſheep were driven to a wood below Croughly, by the ſevere blowing, and were completely covered with a large wreath of ſnow; numbers of them were dug out alive about a fortnight after—and, upon the 5th inſt. was dug out alive, a wedder that had remained covered 24 days, and is now well: It was morally impoſſible for him to get any meat during the above period."

—FIRE—

The fire at Greenock on Thurſday laſt broke out in a ſail maker's loft; what was the cauſe has not yet been properly diſcovered. The firſt alarm was given a little after 12 at night. The wind was high, and the whole upper part of the building being compoſed of ſail makers lofts, containing a great deal of combuſtible matter, the flames ſpread rapidly, and very ſoon conſumed the apartments, in which were the ſails of a great number of veſſels; few or none of which were ſaved, the warehouſes were full of ſugar, rum, aſhes, flax-ſeed, wheat, barley, &c.

Every thing in Meſſ. Walter Ritchie and Co's. counting houſe, a great quantity of ſail cloth and cordage in the ſtore of Mr Tho. Ramsay, and, it is believed, every article in Mr Robertson's chandlery ſhop, were ſaved. About 27 puncheons rum were got out of the eaſt end of the ſecond flat of cellars and as many out of the weſt, which was the means of preventing the moſt dreadful conſequences. The greater part of the ſugars in hogſheads in the lower cellars, and about 300 bags Spaniſh ſugar in the eaſt loft with the rum, were alſo ſaved. About three in the morning the fire reached the lofts where the principal part of the rum was lodged; and the ſcene became truly awful. The flames raged with the greateſt fury; the burning liquor ran in torrents from the doors and windows upon the quay, thence into the harbour, where, floating on the ſurface of the water, it was with the greateſt difficulty prevented from communicating to the ſhipping. The exploſion of the rum puncheons, the darkneſs of the night, and the heavy gale of wind whiſtling through the rigging of the ſhipping, with the noiſe and clamour of the ſpectators, added to the horror of the ſcene. As every exertion now to ſave the building was vain, the attention of the inhabitants was directed to the ſalvation of the neighbouring buildings. The Cuſtomhouſe caught fire in four different places; the Landwaiters Office, the Collectors kitchen, and two garret windows; and it was only by the moſt extraordinary exertions that it was got out. The upper part of Mr Alexander Crawford's granary alſo caught fire, but was extinguiſhed. So alarming was the appearance at one time, that the whole books, papers, &c. and the Collector's furniture, were removed to a place of ſafety.

The exact amount of the loſs cannot eaſily be computed; but it muſt be very conſiderable. About 600 bolls of wheat and barley, 100 puncheons rum, from 300 to 400 bags Spaniſh clayed ſugar, a quantity of aſhes, flax-ſeed, and Muſcovado ſugar, were deſtroyed. The whole of the building is rendered uſeleſs, and only a ſmall part of it was inſured.

The Bank being at a little diſtance, happily did not ſuffer. About 4000l. value of ſails was totally deſtroyed.

ARRIVED AT STROMNESS.

March 2. 1799. Gardener, Crookshank, of Stromness, from London for Dublin, with iron, porter, &c.—Mercury, Millar, of and from Kirkcaldy, for New York, with coals and bale goods.—Mermaid, Sinclair, of and from London, for the codfishing.—Greenock, Gray, of and from ditto to ditto.—John and Mary, Fisle, of and from ditto to ditto.

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

The weather ſtill continues ſoft, but the Sound ſhut, except oppoſite the Caſtle. Wind East.—Blowing hard.

ELSINORE, March 2. 1798. HOWDEN & CO

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

19. Providence, Wallace, from Newcaſtle, apples—Ann, Gray, from do. coals—Sprightly, Taylor, from London, goods—Tweed Packet, Ord, from do. do.

20. Hull Packet, Dunbar, from Hull, do.—Induſtry, Weſterdyng, from Rotterdam, do.—Agnes, Wright, from Berwick, grain—Catharine, M'Dermond, from do. do.—Britannia, Nisbet, from London, goods—Glaſgow Packet, Hall, from do. do.

Wind S. S. E.—Moderate.

TO BE LET, FURNISHED,

For such time as may be agreed on, and entered to immediately or at Whitsunday next,

THE MANSION-HOUSE of RAMORNIE, Garden and Offices, in the shire of Fife, three miles west from Cupar, the county-town, with from 20 to 25 acres inclosed land immediately adjoining.

The house is modern and convenient, consisting of 14 fire rooms, and the offices are suitable.

The place is beautiful, and the situation dry and salubrious. As the country round is full of game, and the river running in front of the house, of trout, few places can be more eligible for a sportsman.

John Forest will shew the house and grounds; and for further particulars application may be made to William Berry, writer to the signet, North Charlotte Street, Edinburgh.

COUNTRY HOUSE

To be Let and entered to at Whitsunday first, or sooner, if required,

THE MANSION-HOUSE of CULT, with the Offices and Garden, with any quantity of inclosed Ground, well sheltered with belts, clumps of planting, and hedges, from six to sixty acres, that may be agreed on, lying half way between Edinburgh and Glasgow, on the great road by Calder and Whitburn.

The house consists of 7 rooms, a kitchen, with bed-closets and various conveniencies for the accommodation of a family; and the offices are sufficient for a considerable farm—The Garden, consisting of near an acre, is surrounded with a high stone wall, covered with fruit trees, which bear well.

There is a communication both to Edinburgh and Glasgow every day by stage coaches, and a regular post to Whitburn three times a week. The premisses lie within a mile of Whitburn, and five miles of Bathgate, both good market towns.—There is coal wrought within two gunshot of the house; and Polkemmet great coal, reckoned the best in the country, within a mile, so that a more convenient residence is seldom to be met with.

Apply to Robert Renton and William Callendar, writers in Edinburgh.

*** John Marshall at Polkemmet, will shew the premisses.

FARMS IN FIFE TO LET,

For nineteen years from Martinmas 1799.

NORTH QUARTER, consisting of about 140 acres of arable land, divided into nine fields, substantially inclosed with new stone dykes, and well watered. This farm is at present in the natural possession of the Proprietor, who last summer laid down one thousand bolls of lime on two of the fields, consisting of about 31 acres, in which grass seeds will be sown with the corn this season. Two other fields, consisting of about 30 acres, are to be in summer fallow and turnip, and four other fields are in old grass. On this farm there is an excellent new steading.

HILLARY, consisting of about 169 acres of arable land, as presently possessed by Mr David Carstairs. Sixty acres of this farm are now inclosing. About twenty-four acres are in summer fallow, and a considerable part of the farm is in sown, and old pasture grass.

These farms are situated within about two miles of the seaport town of Crail, and six of St Andrew's, and they are in the neighbourhood of coal and lime.

Proposals in writing will be received by James Cheape, Esq. at Strathtyrum, near St Andrew's, and such as are not accepted, will be concealed if desired.

John Anderson, the grieve at North Quarter, will shew the farms.

COUNTY OF FORFAR.

FARMS TO BE LET

For 19 years, and entered to Whitsunday 1799,

THE FARM of DENHEAD, in the parish of Arbirlott, measuring about 64 Scots acres arable.

The FARM of MILLTOWN of CONAN, in the parish of Carmyllie, measuring about 87 Scots acres arable, 15 acres valuable pasture, and 10 acres muir.

The BRAE of CONAN, measuring about 18 Scots acres arable, and 1 acre pasture.

There are besides, about 64 Scots acres improveable muir, part of which may be set along with the above farms if wanted. The farms are well watered, and lie within three miles of the town of Arbroath.

The grounds will be shewn by Francis Weir in Crofts, or by the present tenants.

Offers may be given in to Mr Alexander Smith at Middleton, which shall be concealed, if required.

FARM IN BERWICKSHIRE.

To be Let for such a number of years as may be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitsunday next (1799),

THE FARM of RACHELFIELD, containing about 330 English acres, all enclosed and subdivided into nine Inclosures, most of them sheltered with belts of planting, lying on the west side of Mellerstain, in the parish of Earlstoun and county of Berwick.

There is a commodious dwelling-house and suitable officehouses on the premisses, built about ten years ago, and a command of water within forty yards of the onstead, which might be made to drive a Threshing Machine. If an object to a tenant, 45 acres in two inclosures would be added to the Farm at Whitsunday 1800.

Proposals in writing, to be given in to George Baillie, Esq. of Jerriswood, the proprietor; or to Henry Swan, at Kelso, his factor, on or before the 20th of April next, when the farm will be let. The present tenant will shew the farm.

☞ MELLERSTAIN MILLS are now let.

FARMS IN BERWICK & ROXBURGH SHIRES.

To be Let for nineteen years after Whitsunday 1800 and 1801,

I. SANDYKNOW, lying in the parish of Smailholme, and county of Roxburgh, consisting of nearly six hundred acres, and presently possessed by John Dove.

II. BUTCHERCOAT in the parish of Mertoun, and county of Berwick, consisting of upwards of three hundred acres, and presently possessed by George Brack.

III. WHITEHOUSE and BOGHALL, in the parish of Mertoun, and county of Berwick, consisting of nearly three hundred acres. The former in possession of the proprietor, and the latter possessed by Andrew Hume.

IV. BROTHERSTONE, in the parish of Mertoun, and shire of Berwick, consisting of about a thousand acres, and presently possessed by George Bryden.

These Farms lie around Whitrigg Bog, where there is an inexhaustible fund of Shell Marle, which the tenants may get at a moderate price.

Butchercoat, Whitehouse, and Boghall, may be let jointly or separately as offerers may incline.

Entry to Sandyknow, Butchercoat, Whitehouse, and Boghall, at Whitsunday 1800, and to Brotherstone, at Whitsunday 1801.

Alexander Barre, Grieve at Mertoun, will show the Farms, and proposals may be given in to the proprietor at Mertoun, or John Lang, Sheriff-clerk of Selkirkshire.

ARGYLESHIRE.

UPSET PRICE L. 13,500 STERLING.

THE ESTATE of GLENFEOCHAN will be sold by public roup within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 5th day of June 1799, betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon.

This estate is worthy the attention of a gentleman wishing to procure a pleasant and comfortable residence in the Highlands of Scotland, as few, if any, are to be met with possessed of equal advantages both natural and acquired. It is pleasantly situated on Lochfeochan, an arm of the sea near to the port of Oban, in the beautiful country of Lorne. The soil is excellent, and the farms in general extensive.

The mansion-house is neat, and fit for the accommodation of a genteel family.

The court of offices is newly built, and in very complete order. There is an excellent garden and orchard, stocked with choice fruit trees, and the garden wall, gardener's house, &c. in good order.

The woods and plantations are very extensive, containing a variety of trees, and are valued by a wood valuator at the sum of 2280l. 9s. 3d. Sterling.

The water of Feochan affords abundance of trout, and there is a salmon fishing, and the greatest variety of sea fish. The muirs are the best in the country for game.

The free rent of this estate is about 450l. Sterling, the particulars of which, with a plan, measurement, and schemad rent of the lands, and valuation of the woods, with the title-deeds and leases, can be seen by applying to Mr Keith accomptant, or Mr Ferriers W. S. Edinburgh, either of whom will give every other information desired, and will receive private offers betwixt and the day of sale.

By Adjournment.

LAND AND COAL TO BE SOLD,

Near Borrowstounness.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the third day of April next, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE GROUNDS OF TEMPLE LANDS, AND THE CROFT LANDS, sometime since exchanged for the lands called the Gaws.

These lands contain eleven acres or thereby, the former holding of the town of Linlithgow, for payment of a blench duty of one penny; the latter of the Duke of Hamilton, for payment of twenty pence yearly; the other burdens are proportionally small.

These grounds have several dwelling houses, and a complete farm steading upon them. They lie within a quarter of a mile of Borrowstounness, and are full of coal, the first seam of which is a splent coal, of four feet thick, at the depth of eleven fathom from the surface, the second is also four feet; the third eighteen feet, and beneath these there are two other seams of four feet each.

The ground and coal rise from the Duke of Hamilton's pits, presently working; a highway passes through the grounds, and there are good roads in every direction, so as to answer country sale as well as exportation.

The ground is under lease for two years, with a reservation of power to work the coal.

To manufacturers it would be an inestimable property—and if any such incline to purchase, the coal may be sold separately, by private bargain, betwixt and the day of roup.

The title deeds may be seen in the hands of Archibald Dunbar, clerk to the signet, George's Square, from whom other particulars may be learned, and David Spowat, the tenant, will show the lands.

ESTATE OF CRAILING—ROXBURGH-SHIRE.

THIS Well-known, Valuable, and Compact ESTATE will be exposed to SALE by public roup, (unless previously disposed of by private bargain) in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the 25th day of November, at six o'clock afternoon; if not then sold, it will afterwards be put up in lots. The present rent is L. 2127 : 3s. One of the principal farms is now out of lease, and two more will be so in 1800, on which a considerable rise of rent may undoubtedly be expected. The Estate consists of 2196 acres, and there is a very considerable quantity of valuable and thriving wood of various kinds, some of which, particularly near the house, is very old and large.—The lands hold of the Crown, and are of sufficient valuation to afford twelve freehold qualifications; and being situated within three miles of Jedburgh and six of Kelso, possess great convenience of markets, &c. &c. The great post-roads from Kelso to Jedburgh and Hawick, run through the middle of the lands. A considerable part of the purchase money may remain in the hands of the purchaser.——For further particulars applications may be made to the proprietor at Crailing House, by Jedburgh, or to Robert Trotter, Esq. writer to the signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds, rental, plan, and measurements may be seen. The gardener at Crailing House will show the lands and boundaries.

JUDICIAL SALE OF THE LANDS OF KIRKBRAE,

Part of the ESTATE of CULROSS,

And also of a Large Part of the FOREST of CULROSS.

To be exposed to sale by auction, on Wednesday the 26th day of June next, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of 5 and 6 afternoon, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session,

ALL and HAILL that PIECE of GROUND called the KIRKBRAE, near Culross, consisting of 18 acres of rich arable land, besides 6 acres of wood upwards of 20 years old, with the teinds, parsonage, and vicarage of the said lands, lying near the Abbey of Culross, within the parish of Culross, and shire of Perth, upon an elevated situation, exposed to the south, and commanding a most extensive view of the frith of Forth and adjacent country.

The lands hold feu of Sir Charles Preston of Valleyfield for payment of 12l. Scots yearly of feu-duty in full of all public burdens except land-tax. They have been for many years in grass, and have let for upwards of 2l. per acre, and the wood was valued in October 1795 at 272l. 5s. 4d. The whole is to be exposed at the upset price of 1253l. 15s. 4d. Sterling.

There is also to be exposed to sale, time and place foresaid, (in lots),

Three Hundred and Forty Acres of the FOREST of CULROSS, consisting of wood 43 years old, and containing at an average about 3000 cubic feet of measurable fir wood, per acre, and about 8000 running feet of pit wood, the forest is only about a mile from the frith of Forth, and a road is to be made to a proper shipping place.

The 340 acres will be divided into lots of from 50 to 20 acres, and exposed at a given sum per acre. The particulars of which will be specified some weeks before the day of sale. The Forester at Culross will show both the wood and lands.

The articles of roup, with a plan and valuation of the forest, are to be seen in the office of Mr Bruce, depute-clerk of session; and Robert Watson, writer, Park Street, agent in the sale, will furnish intending offerers with printed copies of a report of the value and measurement of the forest, and give any other information that may be necessary.

SALE OF LANDS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon Friday the 31st day of May next, at one o'clock afternoon, if not before disposed of by private agreement, in one or two lots,

THE BARONY and ESTATE of LITTLEDEAN, lying in the parishes of Maxton and St Boswall's, and shire of Roxburgh, extending to 1133 English acres, or thereby, and rented at 621l. 10s. 10d. of present gross rent.

This estate is situated in one of the finest counties of Scotland, within a few miles of the market towns of Kelso, Jedburgh, and Melrose, upon the south side of the river Tweed, which forms its northern boundary for a considerable extent. The great road from Edinburgh to London, by Jedburgh, the Carter, &c. passes close to its western limit; and the new great road, leading by the bridge over the Teviot, from Kelso, up the south bank of the Tweed, intersects the lands from one end to the other.

The estate, with the exception of a few acres of braes, which afford good sheep pasture, is entirely arable, of an excellent soil, and very improveable.

In many parts of the estate, and particularly in the farm of Plewlands, the lease of which expires in 1802, there are most eligible situations for a mansion-house, with diversified views of the river, its banks, and adjacent cultivated and delightful country. In these situations, the contiguous grounds are peculiarly adapted for laying out shrubberies and plantations; and there is a fine free stone rock on the grounds, which has been already wrought, and found fully to answer every purpose of building. On one part of the estate, there are some thriving belts of planting.

The whole lands are under leases to substantial and unexceptionable tenants.

In 1802, when the lease of Plewlands expires, a very considerable rise of rent may be with certainty expected; and, in a few years more, when five of the other farms will be out of lease, there may be reason to look for the present rental of the estate being at least doubled.

The estate, which holds of the Crown, is rated in the cess-books of the county at 209l. Scots of valued rent, affording five freehold qualifications.

The ministers, both of Maxton and St Boswall's, have, within these few years, obtained ample augmentations of their stipends; so that no new one may be expected for many years to come.

These lands and the neighbouring country abound in game. The proprietor of Littledean, by his charter, has the fight of FISHINGS in the Tweed; and there are some excellent streams both for salmon and trout fishing falling within this grant; and there are numberless other rivers, at a short distance, equally affording good fishing.

Should the estate not be sold entire, it is naturally divided into two distinct properties——Littledean Proper, with Plewlands and Craigover, consisting of about 477 acres, and rented at 376l. 16s. 5d. gross—and Maxton Estate, consisting of about 656 acres, and rented at 244l. 14s. 5d. gross—each of them lying all contiguous.

N. B. If agreeable to purchasers, some part of the price may remain in their hands.

Plans and measurements of the estate, the title-deeds and conditions of sale are to be seen in the hands of Richard Hotchkis, W. S. Edinburgh; to whom offers may be addressed and applications made for all particulars. And David Fiddes, baron officer at Maxton-town will show the grounds.

SPRING PHYSIC.

DE VELNO's VEGETABLE PILLS are proved by experience to be the best and most innocent alterative purifier and sweetener of the blood; and those who are afflicted with the Scurvy, Scorbutic Eruptions, Leprosy, Scrophula, or any disorders arising from vitiated blood; or those who have impaired their constitution by dissipation, juvenile indiscretions, or Mercurial medicines, should by no means omit a course of the Vegetable Pills during the Spring. The operation of this valuable vegetable alterative is so pleasant and salutary as not to interfere with the avocations of business or pleasure. Its action is confined to the animal juices, and requires no alteration or restraint in diet; it dissolves in the stomach, blends with the food, and gradually pervades the circulating fluids, correcting in its passage any deviation from a state of convalescence. In short, it is the long fought for vegetable specific, or safe but active substitute for that fashionable mineral, Mercury, which may be said to cure only by killing. Its efficacy excites the attention and surprise of medical men; for, when all other medicines have failed, De Velno's Pills may be relied on as a specific for all disorders which originate in an impure or impaired state of the blood.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by the sole Proprietor, J. PIDDING, late Surgeon in the Army, at his warehouse, No. 76, Oxford Street, London; and none can be *genuine*, unless signed with *red ink* in his own hand.

Medicine Venders in the country will be supplied with the usual allowance, by Mr B. SHAW, No. 74, High Street, Borough.

Sold also retail, in boxes, at 5s. 5d. or the quantity of five boxes in one, at 1l. 2s. duty included, by

J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouse, Edinburgh;

At Glasgow, by M'Donald; Newcastle, Tyne, Walker; Sunderland, Graham; Durham, Pennington; Dublin, Davison; Belfast, Maggee; and by the principal Venders of Medicine in the three Kingdoms.

THE GENUINE DISTINGUISHED FROM COUNTERFEITS

By the King's Patent.

MR R. JOHNSTON, Apothecary, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, aware of the depredations made on every Public Medicine of established repute and extensive sale, respectfully informs the Nobility, Gentry, and Public, he has obtained the King's Patent for his Invention, not to *recommend* but to *distinguish* WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD from spurious imitations.

Five years have now elapsed since Mr Johnston first made known to the world this very extraordinary Medicine. During this short period its efficacy has been so clearly demonstrated that its sale has infinitely exceeded any former example. Comparatively, there are few families which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects; and with heartfelt satisfaction he has the happiness to declare WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD has cured more persons afflicted with *Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach,* and other *Painful Maladies*, than all the medicines ever before made public. It has obtained the approbation of many eminent men of the Faculty, and honoured with the unsolicited support and recommendation of the first families in the kingdom.

As the bottles, boxes, labels, and bills of directions of this original medicine are closely copied, and the words "By Royal Authority," artfully substituted for the words "By the King's Patent," it may elude common observation: Mr Johnston therefore recommends the afflicted to be particular in the purchase.

Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, is prepared and sold, in Pills and in a fluid state, at 2s. 9d. each box or bottle, by the Inventor, R. Johnston, apothecary and chemist, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, London. It is distinguished from counterfeits "By the King's Patent," and the signature "R. Johnston," in his own hand-writing, on each label; sold also by his appointment, by ANDREW SMITH, No. 38. North Bridge, Husband, Elder, and Co. R. Scott, apothecary, Wm. Raeburn, and T Spence, Edinburgh; Phorson, Berwick; Allan, Dundee; Inglis and Dixson, Dumfries; M'Intosh & Co. Inverness; Craigie, Montrose; Cave, Banff; Mitchell, Aberdeen; Mennons and M'Donald, Glasgow. *CHILBLAINS.*

N. B. The Fluid Essence immediately allays their tormenting itching, and will assuredly prevent them from breaking, even when turned quite black; and if used according to the directions, will absolutely cure them by three or four applications.

LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE.

To be Sold by Private Bargain,

THE FARM and LANDS of EASTER KENNETSIDEHEADS, situated in the parish of Eccles, on both sides of the high road leading from Greenlaw to Kelso, and about four miles from each of these towns.

The lands consist of 313 acres, on which there is a new and substantial onstead, and the whole, except 19 acres of thriving plantation, is let on an improving lease to one tenant, at the yearly rent of 265l. Sterling.

For further particulars application may be made to Mr Low, at Woodend, by Dunse, who has powers to conclude a bargain.

SALE OF LANDS

In the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

To be Sold by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 26th day of June 1799, at two o'clock afternoon, if not sold by private bargain, betwixt and that time,

THE Just and Equal Half of the Thirty Three Shilling Fourpenny LAND of OVER and NETHER CULZIENOCKS. Also the just and equal half of the Twenty Shilling Land of BLACKCRAIG. And also the just and equal half of the One Merk Land of LAMLOCH, with the tythes both parsonage and vicarage of the said lands, lying in the parish of Carsphairn, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

These lands contain about 998 Scots acres, they are in general fine dry green pasture, situated on Loch Doon, and the greatest part of them are fenced with good stone dykes. They are held of a subject superior for payment of 8l. 6s. 8d. Scots of feu duty, and are rented at present at 57l. Sterling, besides public burdens and feu-duty to the Superior, all payable by the tenant, and the lease expires in a few years, when a considerable rise may be expected.

The tenant will shew the grounds, and for further particulars application may be made to John Syme, writer to the signet.

BUILDING YARD, &c. AT GREENOCK.

To be SOLD, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament, or New Session-House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 22d of May, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon,

THE BUILDING YARD and DWELLING HOUSES possessed by William M'Kechny, James Erskine, and Moses M'Lellan, sometime belonging to Simon Halliday, and lying betwixt the towns of Greenock and Crawfurd's Dyke.

The proven yearly gross value is	L.63 10 0
From which deducting of feu duty	4 1 0
There remains free rent of	59 9 0

Which, being valued at 17 years purchase, the total upset price is L.1010 9 0

From the local situation of this property, it is particularly deserving of the attention of ship-builders.

The Titles and Conditions of Sale may be had on applying to Mr Alexander Ross, Depute Clerk of Session, or Mr Horne, writer to the signet, 3, George Street; and copies of the rental and conditions of sale may be also had of Mess. Hugh Crawfurd and Son, writers in Greenock.

LANDS IN FIFE TO BE SOLD.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 22d day of May, 1799, between the hours of two and three afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of WESTER SALINE, lying in the parish of Saline, and county of Fife. These Lands lie within six miles of the town of Alloa, the same distance from Dunfermline and Kincardine, and about two from the village of Saline, and in the immediate vicinity of coal and lime, and within half a mile of the turnpike road leading from Alloa to Kinross. There are coal and limestone in the Lands.

The Lands are of considerable extent, mostly inclosed, and very improveable, and at present very low let, but will rise considerably, and most of the principal leases expire in a few years. There are a great many fine belts of planting round the inclosures, besides other very valuable plantations upon the Estate fit for cutting, and from which a considerable sum might be produced annually.—The Farm Houses on the Estate are in good repair, and on the principal Farm there is a very commodious Dwelling-house and offices, which might at no great expence be made a residence for a family.

The Lands hold of a subject superior for payment of a small feu duty of 10 merks Scots. The teinds are valued and exhausted.

The articles of roup and progress of writs are in the hands of Mess. Abercromby and Walker, writers to the signet, to whom or to William Haig at Dollar, application may be made for further particulars. Alexander Scott, Baron Officer at Saline, will shew the Lands.

HACKNEY COACHES.

BY THE HON. THE MAGISTRATES OF EDINBURGH.

MANY complaints for overcharges and breach of engagement against the Hackney Coach Drivers having been of late brought before the Magistrates, they have now, to obviate these, prepared and published regulations and Tables of Fares, for their better government, copies of which every driver is bound to have in his possession, and also in the inside pocket of his coach for the perusal of the employer, under penalty of forfeiture of his hyre. And, for the better information of the Inhabitants and Public at large, copies of these regulations are lodged at the different Hotels and Coffeehouses within the city; and copies will likewise be furnished at the Council Chamber, to those who may apply for them.

Council Chamber, Edinburgh, March 16. 1799.

DOLLAR BLEACHFIELD 1799,

Five miles north-east from Alloa.

WILLIAM HAIG bleaches this season, at the following prices, viz.—Per Yard

All plain Linen, yard-wide or under, woven in a good reed, or under, half-bleached (if so marked on the end of the web)	2d	1300, - -	Per Yard 4d
		1400 & 1500, -	4½
		1600, - -	5
		1700 & all above, -	5½
1000 half-done, -	2½d	Diapers, - -	6
900 full white, -	2¾d	Long Lawns & Cambrics,	4 d
1000 full white, -	3 d	Damasks, - -	4 d
1100, -	3¼d	Fine Tweels, -	5 d
1200, -	4 d	Cottons and Dimities at reasonable prices.	

N. B. All above yard-wide to pay in proportion.

CLOTH for this Field taken in by

Messf. William Panton, haberdasher and linen-draper, No. 33. east side, South Bridge Street—James M'Lean, iron-monger, at the Golden Cock and Bell, No. 10, west side, South Bridge Street—William Turnbull, cloth-merchant, below the Exchange—Mrs More, at her muslin warehouse, Nicholson's Street—James Peterson, grocer, foot of St Mary's Wynd—Thomas Edmondstone, iron-monger, Braid's Land, east end of the Grass Market—and at the shop of R. Briggs, Bristo Port, Edinburgh—William Wilson, merchant, east end of the Old Bridge, Leith—Peter Carmichael, Old Poultry Close, High Street, Glasgow—George Edmond, merchant, Stirling—Peter Macfarlane, merchant, Alloa—Robert Scotland, merchant, Kincardine—Rubion Reid, weaver, Culross—James Hepburn, merchant, Torryburn—Thomas Hunt, merchant, Dunfermline—William Hunt, merchant, ditto—John Eckford, merchant, ditto—George Simpson, merchant, Kinross—Mrs Reid, merchant, Saline—John Fulton, wright, and John Hall, weaver, Clackmannan—Alexander Demperstone, innkeeper, Alva—James Gibson, merchant, Dollar—And at the Field. At all which places receipts will be given.

LUNCARTY AND TULLOCH BLEACHFIELD,

NEAR PERTH.

SANDEMAN, TURNBULL, AND CO. continue to Bleach at both Fields, at the following prices:

Linen Cloth, yard-wide and under, per yard,

800 warp and under—2d.	1400—5d.
900—2½d.	1500—5½d.
1000 and 1100—3d.	1600—6d.
1200—3½d.	1700 and all above—6½d.
1300—4d.	Tweels as in quality—4½d. to 6½d.
1400—4½d.	Sheetings 5-4ths wide.
1500—5d.	900 warp and under 3½d.
1600—5½d.	1000 and 1100—4d.
1700 and all above—6d.	1200—4½d.
Tweels as in quality—4d. to 6d.	1300—5d.
Diapers—4d.	1400—5½d.
Damasks—5d.	1500—6d.
Long Lawns—3d.	1600—6½d.
Cambrics—4d.	1700 and all above—7d.
Plain Cottons—2d.	Tweels as in quality—5d. to 7d.
Dimitties—3d.	Sheetings 6-4ths wide.
All above yard-wide in proportion to its breadth.	1500 warp and under—7d.
Sheetings 9-8ths wide.	1600 and all above—8d.
900 warp and under—3d.	Tweels—8d.
1000 and 1100—3½d.	1100 and under, half white—9d.
1200—4d.	1200 and all above, at reasonable prices.
1300—4½d.	

Cloth taken in for these Fields by

Fra. Buchan Sydserf and Co. Exchange, Edinburgh; William Coke bookseller, Leith; James Gillies bookseller, Glasgow; Mrs Alexander, Dunfermline; William Paterson, Kinross; William Philp and Son, Kirkcaldy; Thomas Chapman, merchant, Dundee; Mess. Alexander Aberdin and Son, Aberbroath; George Brown merchant, Cupar Angus; Robert Cargil, Dunkeld; James Mullion, Crieff; Walter M'Farlane, Errol; William Sandeman and Co. Sandeman, Blair, and Co. Da. Sandeman merchant, Perth; and by Wm. Turnbull and William Sandeman, Luncarty; Hector Turnbull, Tulloch.

MARYBURGH BLEACHFIELD, 1799,

Five miles south from Kinrofs, and six north from Dunfermline on the great road from North Queen's Ferry to Perth.

PATRICK CONNLEY and SON continue to bleach this season, in the best manner, at last year's prices, viz.—

	Per Yard		Per Yard
800 & all below,	2 d	Diapers, -	3d & 4
900 not full white,	2½d	Damasks, -	5
900 full white,	2¾d	Fine Tweelings,	4d & 5
1000, -	3 d	Coarse ditto, -	5
1100, -	3½d		
1200, -	4 d	Cottons of all kinds at moderate prices.	
1300 & 1400, -	4½d		
1500 & 1600, -	5d	No Cloth above 1000 half-bleached.	
1700 & all above,	5½d		
Lawns, -	3 d	All above yard-wide in proportion.	
Cambrics, -	4 d		

The Cloth to be half-bleached is requested to be marked so at the end of the web; and no piece, if possible, to contain more than 30 yards.

Cotton, Thread, and Yarn bleached as formerly: But no less a quantity taken in than three spindles; and to be marked with a sufficient mark, to stand through the process of bleaching.

Yarn of all kinds boiled at the usual prices.

CLOTH for this Field taken in by

Mrs Matthew and Hunter, merchants, five shops below the North Bridge, High Street—Mr Hugh Findlay, haberdasher, Canongate—Mr James Balmain, merchant and glazier, corner shop, No. 9. east side of Hanover Street, New Town, Edinburgh—Mr Robert Anderson, innkeeper, foot of the Shore; and Mr James Robertson, weaver, Citadel of Leith—Mr Robert Scott, innkeeper, Cramond Bridge—Mr William Broom, merchant, and Mr Elias Johnstone, weaver, east end of Queen's Ferry—Mr James Bell, weaver, Inverkeithing—Mr James Douglas, baker, Limekilns—Mr William Hunt, jun. at his broad cloth shop, at the Cross; Mr Andrew Beveridge, merchant at the Trone; and Mr Alexander Dundas, weaver, Dunfermline—Mrs Cormack, merchant, Aberdour—Mr William Stenhouse, weaver, Burntisland—Mrs Speirs, merchant, Kinghorn—Mr John Philp, merchant, Kirkcaldy—Mr David Graham, weaver, Links, ditto—Mr Alexander Robertson, manufacturer, Kinrofs—Mr John Carmichael, weaver, Millinathort—And at the Bleachfield—At all which places receipts will be given.

P. C. and Son beg leave to return their most grateful thanks to their employers for past favours, and hope for a continuance; to merit which the strictest attention on their part will be given.—They are happy to say, that last year they gave general satisfaction, by making such quick returns; and, from a long experience in the business, and the arrangements that they have at present made, they hope still to make quicker returns.

Every attention is paid to Houshold Cloth, in forwarding and preserving the fabrick. Also, it is finished without any dressing, unless by express desire. Cloth for sale finished in the best and neatest manner. They therefore humbly hope for a share of the public favour.

BALBIRNIE BRIDGE BLEACHFIELD, 1799.

Five Miles North from Kirkcaldy.

GEORGE PIERSON bleaches at the following prices, viz.

All plain Linen yard wide or under woven in an	per yard.		per yard
800 reed or under	2½d.	Damasks, Satinets and	4 d.
900 and 1000	3 d.	Tweels	4 d.
1100 and 1200	3½d.	Cottons and Diapers	3 d.
1300 and 1400	4 d.	Long Lawns	2 d.
1500 and 1600	5 d.	All above yard wide in pro-	
1700 and all above	6 d.	portion to its breadth.	

CLOTH for this Field is taken in by

Richard Fyffe, merchant, opposite Luckenhooths; Thomas Sutherland, haberdasher, North Bridge-street; J Stewart, grocer, opposite head of Blackfriar's Wynd, Edinburgh—Mrs Aitken, vintner, Burntisland—George Graham and James Balfour, merchants Kirkcaldy—John Melville and James Dalrymple, Dysart—David Wallace, Kilconquhar—James Richard, merchant, Pittenweem—William Melvill, Andrew Anderson, and Mrs Thomson, St Andrews—Greig and Collier, merchants, Cupar Fife—Archibald Matthew, Strathmiglo—Thomas Balingall, Balmalcolm—Robert Adamson, jun. Kettle—Thomas Kennedy, merchant, Falkland—and at the Bleachfield, at all which places receipts will be given.

☞ The Public may depend upon quick dispatch, and their Cloth whitened to the best advantage.

N. B. No Cloth delivered after white at the Intakers, or the Bleachfield, without ready money.